AS A POTENTIAL SUBSCRIBER YOU ARE ADVISED TO READ AND UNDERSTAND THE CONTENTS OF THIS PROSPECTUS AND THE TRUST DEED (AVAILABLE ON REQUEST) PERTAINING TO THIS INTEREST SCHEME BEFORE SUBSCRIBING TO ANY INTEREST UNIT(S) PROMOTED BY CITY COIN TECHNOLOGY BERHAD.

#### CITY COIN TECHNOLOGY BERHAD

(Incorporated in Malaysia)
Company No. 201501011755 (1137090-D)

# **PROSPECTUS**

ISSUED PURSUANT UNDER SECTION 28 OF THE INTEREST SCHEMES ACT 2016

# LAUNDRYBAR INVESTMENT SCHEME

OFFER FOR SUBSCRIPTION OF INTEREST UNITS

EACH SUBSCRIBER OF AN INTEREST UNIT IS GIVEN A "COOLING-OFF PERIOD" OF TEN (10) WORKING DAYS (FROM THE DAY THE APPLICATION FOR THE SUBSCRIPTION OF AN INTEREST UNIT IS LODGED WITH THE COMPANY) TO WITHDRAW THE APPLICATION WITHOUT ANY DEDUCTION OR PENALTY.

A COPY OF THIS PROSPECTUS HAS BEEN LODGED WITH AND REGISTERED BY THE REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES, MALAYSIA WHO TAKES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR ITS CONTENTS.

THIS PROSPECTUS IS DATED 5<sup>th</sup> JULY 2021 AND EXPIRES ON 4<sup>TH</sup> JANUARY 2022

# Company No. 201501011755 (1137090-D)

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#### **DEFINITIONS**

In this Prospectus, except where the context requires otherwise, the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings-

**Applicant** Means such person who has submitted the prescribed Application Form to the

Management Company to become an Interest Unit Holder by the subscription

of Interest Units.

Application Form Means the prescribed application form prepared by the Management

Company to be filled in by an Applicant to become Interest Unit Holders by the

subscription of specified numbers of Interest Units.

**Approved Company** 

**Auditor** 

Means a person approved as such by the Minister under Section 263 of the

Companies Act whose approval has not been revoked as defined in the

Companies Act.

**Business Day** Means a day (other than Saturday, Sunday or public holiday in Kuala Lumpur)

on which banks are open for business in Kuala Lumpur.

Business Office Means the business office of the Management Company at No. 13, Jalan

Perindustrian Desa Aman 1B, Industri Desa Aman, 52200 Kepong, Kuala

Lumpur.

**Capital Reserve Fund** Means a reserve fund to be established and managed by the Trustee in respect

of the obligations of the Management Company in respect of the Scheme and the contribution to the reserve fund shall be based on the rate of contribution by

the Management Company as provided in the Trust Deed.

City Coin Laundry

Group or the Group

Means a collective reference to corporate affiliation and business relationship between the Management Company, City Coin Laundry Sdn Bhd (Company Number 201001026419 (910338-D), CC Laundry Solution Sdn Bhd (Company

Number 201501035959 (1161279-H) and City Coin Chem Sdn Bhd (Company

Number 201501030118 (1155441-K).

Commencement Date Means the date of commencement of the respective Management Agreement

within a Prospectus Period specified in the Management Agreement being the date on which the Interest Value is fully paid by each Interest Unit Holder to the Management Company and, the Management Company's record of this date shall be regarded as the final and conclusive record of the Commencement

Date.

Companies Act Means the Malaysian Companies Act 2016 (Act 777) and Companies

Regulations 2017.

**Cooling-Off Period** Means a period of ten (10) Business Days after the date on which the Applicant

lodges the Application Form with the Management Company during which

period the Applicant may withdraw or rescind the Application without any deduction or penalty.

Court Means the High Court of Malaya or a judge thereof.

**Enterprise** Means the business activity that involves the establishment, management

> and operation by the Management Company of a retail network of selfservice laundry outlets under the Scheme which may also be referred individually and collectively as "LaundryBar Outlet" or "LaundryBar Outlets"

as the case may be.

Gazette Means the official Gazette of the Federation of Malaysia and, includes

supplements thereto as defined in Section 66 of the Interpretation Acts 1948

and 1967 (Act 388).

Independent Means the professional adviser, firm or company having the requisite Consultant experience and expertise in the proper management and operation of the

Enterprise.

**Initial Launch Date** Means the date of the first Prospectus in respect of the Scheme herein.

Interest Unit Holder Means a person who has subscribed to the Interest Units and entered into a

Management Agreement with the Management Company and the plural

expression shall be "Interest Unit Holders".

**Interest Schemes Act** Means the Interest Schemes Act 2016 (Act 778) and the Interest Schemes

Regulations 2017.

**Interest Unit or Interest** 

Units

Means any of the 10,500 Interest Units representing 70% of the Total Interest Units created under the Scheme herein in respect of which any Interest Unit Holder who pays the Interest Value to obtain a contractual right which entitles

the Interest Unit Holder to receive an annual Net Yield and a redemption of the

Interest Value at the Maturity Date or earlier termination of the Scheme.

Interest Value Means the redeemable consideration payable by each Interest Unit Holder to

> subscribe for one (1) Interest Unit or multiples thereof as specified in Section 3 of the First Schedule thereto at the times and in the manner stated in the

Second Schedule thereto.

Management

Means the agreement entered into or, to be entered into, between the Interest Agreement

Unit Holder and the Management Company as set out as Annexure "A" and

attached to the Trust Deed.

Means City Coin Technology Berhad (Company No. 201501011755 (1137090-Management Company

D) the Management Company for the Scheme.

Maturity Date

Means one of the dates set out for illustrative purposes in the Second Schedule of the Trust Deed being the date upon which a specific Management Agreement shall expire as specified in the Fifth Schedule of such Management Agreement.

Minister

Means the Minister charged with the responsibility for companies as defined in the Companies Act.

**Net Yield** 

Means the annual financial payment to be made by the Management Company to each Interest Unit in each calendar year based on eight percent (8%) of the Interest Value commencing on the 1<sup>st</sup> day of January and ending on the 31<sup>st</sup> day of December to be received by each registered Interest Unit Holder and payable by the Management Company Interest Unit Holder under the respective Management Agreement within fourteen (14) days from the 31<sup>st</sup> day of January of the next following calendar year save and except that the Net Yield shall be a pro-rated amount during the period between the Commencement Date and the first 31<sup>st</sup> day of December date following the Commencement Date and, the Net Yield shall be a pro-rated amount during the period between the 1<sup>st</sup> day of January date of the final anniversary of the Term and the Maturity Date or such date upon which the Scheme is terminated.

**Prospectus** 

Means the statement issued from time to time in respect of the Scheme created herein pursuant to the Interest Schemes Act the first of which being issued on the Initial Launch Date.

**Prospectus Period** 

Means the relevant validity period set out for illustrative purposes in the First Schedule of the Trust Deed within which the Commencement Date of a Management Agreement shall be specified as provided in the Fourth Schedule of such Management Agreement.

Prospectus Period Start Date

Means the date on which each Prospectus Period comes into effect as set out in the second column of the First Schedule of the Trust Deed and more particularly specified in each Management Agreement.

Register of Interest Units

Means the register of Interest Units established and maintained by the Management Company entering and updating the same from time to time those registered as existing Interest Unit Holders of the Scheme.

**Registrar of Companies** 

Means the Registrar of Companies as designated under subsection 20A(1) of the Companies Commission of Malaysia Act 2001 (Act 614).

**Reserved Interest Units** 

Means the 4,500 Interest Units that are held by the Management Company not for public subscription and may be released for public subscription only upon the approval of the Registrar of Companies.

**RM** or **Ringgit Malaysia** 

Means the lawful currency of Malaysia.

Scheme Means the LaundryBar Investment Scheme being the approved investment

scheme under the Trust Deed.

Scheme Expiry Date Means the date of expiry of the Scheme being the 20<sup>th</sup> anniversary date from

the Initial Launch Date.

**Scheme Period** Means the time period of 20 years commencing on the Initial Launch Date and

expiring on the Scheme Expiry Date.

**Term** Means the validity period of 9 years in respect of each Management Agreement

and the Interest Units subscribed for by an Interest Unit Holder which shall commence on the Commencement Date and shall expire on the Maturity Date

as specified in each Management Agreement.

**Total Interest Units** Means the 15,000 Interest Units created under the Scheme herein.

**Total Interest Value** Means the sum of RM75,000,000.00 derived from 15,000 Interest Units created

under the Scheme herein.

**Transfer Fee** Means a sum of RM100.00 payable to the Management Company in relation to

any application for transfer/assignment of the Interest Units.

**Transfer Form** Means the form to record the intention of any Interest Unit Holder to sell,

transfer or to assign any Interest Units as set out in the Third Schedule to the

Management Agreement.

**Transferee** Means the third party to whom any Interest Units is sold or transferred by any

Interest Unit Holder.

Trust Account Means the bank account to be established and managed by the Trustee in

respect of the Interest Value received under this Scheme.

**Trust Deed** or **Deed** Means the Trust Deed entered into between the Management Company of the

first part, the Trustee of the second part and the Interest Unit Holders of the final part and shall include any amendments, modifications or changes made thereto from time to time and shall include the attachments, schedules and

annexures herein.

Trustee Means UBB Amanah Berhad (Company No. 198801001043 (168400-P) and shall

include the trustee for the time being of the Trust Deed, whether original,

additional or substituted.

# Salient Features of the LaundryBar Investment Scheme

Name of Interest Scheme : LaundryBar Investment Scheme

**Total Interest Units approved** : 15,000 Interest Unit

Interest Units for public subscription : 10,500 Interest Units

**Reserved Interest Units** : 4,500 Interest Units

Interest Value price per Interest Unit : RM5,000/-

**Total Interest Value approved** : RM75,000,000/-

Target Interest Value fund size : RM52,500,000/-

Net Yield payable annually : 8% of Interest Value

Scheme Period : 20 years

**Duration of each Interest Unit in each Term** : 9 years

Maturity Date : The date upon which an Interest Unit expires and

Interest Value is fully refunded to the registered Interest

Unit Holder.

<sup>-</sup>The rest of this page is intentionally left blank-

#### 1 INTRODUCTION

# 1.1 Background

The Management Company is a part of the City Coin Laundry Group which are 7terilizin distributors in Malaysia for the Alliance Laundry System (ALS) which is the world's No.1 in manufacturer of commercial washing machines and dryers. In addition to company-owned LaundryBar Outlets the Group also provides opportunities for entrepreneurs through a franchise model where guidance and training is provided to maximise returns on investment through operating self-service laundromats.

## Coin Operated Laundry Business In Malaysia

LaundryBar's unique value proposition lies within its role as an exclusive distributor for ALS IPSO brand washing machines in Malaysia, which incidentally, is the only American-grade washing machine that provides 7-year warranties across South East Asia. ALS provides the world finest laundry products and services, and is renowned for their uncompromising levels of quality, reliability and performance.



The Group's business model includes a 24-hours care line to respond promptly to complaints of any equipment breakdown. The Group has warehousing facilities to ensure equipment and spare parts are readily available and sufficiently stocked to avoid losses during downtime due to inevitable machine breakdown. Under the Group's franchise model franchisees are able to set up their new business within 3 months of their appointment.

#### Proven Performance and Reliability

The Group's LaundryBar operations is ISO Certified on self-service laundry and maintenance. The Group is approved as a franchisor and regulated by the Ministry of Domestic Trade and Consumer Affairs (Kementerian Perdagangan Dalam Negeri dan Hal Ehwal Pengguna or KPDNHEP).

The Group has successfully established 350 outlets across Malaysia within the past 3 years, with zero failure rates in addition to achieving on average, 30% return on investment per year. Many franchisees have achieved breakeven on their franchise business returns within just 18 months of operation.

#### Innovative Research & Development team

The Group's LaundryBar operations is a pioneer within the Malaysian laundry industry to provide built-in antiseptic and 8terilizing chemical dispensers into its washing machines. The Group is also among the first in Malaysia to provide free in-house formulated laundry chemicals (detergent, softener, and sanitizer) to our laundry users.

Over the years, the Group's highly innovative team of engineers have also successfully brought about many positive changes in the industry to enable the use of its washing machines to be more user-friendly. Some of the enhancements and new features include the Card Kiosk System, Chemical Vending Machine, Smart Card and Remote Return Coin System.

The Card Kiosk System was introduced to provide maximum customer convenience and a hassle-free experience of having to change and prepare coins to operate the washing machine. The Chemical Vending Machine makes it easy and convenient for customers to purchase the Group's selfformulated LOVAS brand laundry chemicals whenever they are at any LaundryBar outlet to wash their laundry.

The Group's Smart Card system can also be used as a marketing tool, aside from solely a sales performance monitor.



The Remote Return Coin System, incorporated with technological advancements, is aimed to refund tokens to unsatisfied customer within 10 seconds. These value-added systems were specifically created to boost customer satisfaction and loyalty.

#### Highly trained and customer-focused technical team

The Group is sensitive to and, understands the struggle and frustration of experiencing technical issues. To address this, it has a zero-downtime solution for all customers and franchisees. Customers can reach out to LaundryBar's 24-hour helpline should they encounter any issues while using LaundryBar's self-service laundry services. LaundryBar also has a group of highly trained (by ALS USA) and customer-focused technical team that aims to provide support and prompt repairs of malfunctioned washing machines within 24 working hours. The Group also has service centres in

Central and Southern parts of the west coast of Peninsular Malaysia and, in Sabah and Sarawak to support franchisees.

#### Targeted Marketing

With the change and evolution of modern technologies, LaundryBar utilizes social media and Search Engine Marketing (SEM) to increase the LaundryBar's brand visibility online and engage potential customers. Along with digital marketing, other marketing campaigns that are employed include Intelligent SMS Marketing, distribution of laundry bags and billboard advertising on highways. On top of that, the City Coin Laundry Group also actively participates in trade exhibitions, both locally and internationally to increase brand awareness and attract potential investors.

## 1.2 Prospectus

The Management Company intends to establish, manage and operate the **LaundryBar Investment Scheme** based on the Enterprise whereby the Management Company agrees to offer redeemable Interest Units in respect of which the Interest Unit Holder pays the Interest Value and, in consideration of which the Interest Unit Holder obtains contractual rights provided in the Management Agreement and, is entitled to receive such number of Interest Units as the Interest Unit Holder shall have subscribed to.

The Scheme will involve the offer to the public of Interest Units in respect of the Operations. The Interest Units are established pursuant to the Interest Schemes Act which provides for the creation of Interest Units in respect of the Enterprise.

Each Interest Unit shall have an Interest Value of RM5,000.00 at the Initial Launch Date and all subsequent Interest Units shall be at such subscription price as shall be stipulated by the Management Company from time to time based on market forces.

The Management Company will establish the Total Interest Units under the Scheme of which the Interest Units are intended for public subscription to the public and the remaining Reserved Interest Units are designated as Reserved Interest Units not for public subscription and may be released for public subscription only upon the approval of the Registrar of Companies.

An Applicant who subscribes to any Interest Units shall be designated as an Interest Unit Holder and shall receive the Net Yield in each calendar year during the Term and the redemption of the Interest Value at the Maturity Date or earlier termination of the Scheme as provided in this Deed.

The Scheme will be operated by the Management Company whereby only Applicants who are invited or permitted or approved by the Management Company shall be allowed to participate in the Scheme upon such terms and conditions as the Management Company shall stipulate, with prior consent from the Trustee, in the Management Agreement annexed hereto as Annexure "A" to be entered into between the Management Company and each Applicant. The Management Company will be the operator and issuer of the Interest Units. The Management Company is not liable to be removed by the Trustee or the Interest Unit Holders.

It is hereby expressly stipulated that the Management Agreement shall not confer on any Interest Unit Holder any proprietary right, title, interest, estate or share over the assets whether movable or immovable of the Enterprise or the Management Company but will only confer upon the Interest Unit Holder the right to participate in the Scheme in the manner provided in this Deed and the Management Agreement. Accordingly, no property will be vested in the Trustee nor the Interest Unit Holder.

This Prospectus has been lodged with the Registrar of Companies who takes no responsibility for its contents and is obtainable at the Business Office of the Management Company during office hours.

The Management Company hereby declares-

- (2) that no Interest Unit shall be transferred pursuant to this Prospectus later than six (6) months after the date of this Prospectus, unless otherwise approved by the Registrar of Companies;
- (ii) that Interest Unit Certificate evidencing each Interest Unit shall be issued to any Applicant who subscribes for an Interest Unit pursuant to this Prospectus not later than two (2) months after the date of the full payment of the Interest Value by the Interest Unit Holder.

The Trustee or representatives of the Trustee shall ensure that the Register of Interest Units is properly maintained and to this end the Trustee is empowered and required to ensure compliance by the Management Company in issuing the Interest Unit Certificates to the Interest Unit Holder as aforesaid.

#### 1.3 History of the Management Company

The Management Company is a subsidiary within the City Coin Laundry Group and, its original focus was on technology research and development. It has a professional R&D team that incorporates technological advancements into self-service laundromats. The Management Company has helped the City Coin Laundry Group to become a pioneer in the Malaysian laundry industry to incorporate built-in antiseptic and sterilising chemical dispensers into washing machines to provide maximum hygiene assurance. With the Scheme, the Management Company will spearhead the City Coin Laundry Group's establishment of company-owned and operated LaundryBar Outlets. This will augment the City Coin Laundry Group's continued expansion of its network of franchisees.

# 1.4 Appointment of Marketing Agent

The Management Company may with the prior consent of the Registrar of Companies appoint a marketing agent to promote and/or offer for public subscription the Interest Units and/or provide management services upon such terms and conditions as shall be agreed upon between the Management Company and the marketing agent.

# 1.5 Number of Interest Units Subscribed

Total Number of	Number of Interest	Movement since the	Balance of Interest
Interest Units	Unit Subscribed or	Previous Prospectus	Unit Available For
Available for Sold As At The Date of			Subscription
Subscription Statement			
10,500	147	35	10,353

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# 2. **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

# 2.1 Corporate Information of the Management Company

Directors
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Name	Residential Address	Occupation
Ang Beng Teck	19, Jalan PJU 10/11D Saujana Damansara 47800 Petaling Jaya Selangor Darul Ehsan	Director
Chua Wuan Yeen	19, Jalan PJU 10/11D Saujana Damansara 47800 Petaling Jaya Selangor Darul Ehsan	Director
Choo Chin Thye	32, Jalan Bilis Bangsar 59100 Kuala Lumpur	Director

# **Secretary**

Name	Residential Address	Occupation
Chew Choy Choy	23, Jalan Wangsa 1/4	Company Secretary
	Taman Wangsa Permai	
	51200 Kuala Lumpur	

# Management

Ang Beng Teck

Chua Wuan Yeen

Name	Residential Address	Occupation
Ang Beng Teck Chua Wuan Yeen	-same as above- -same as above-	-same as above- -same as above-
<u>Shareholders</u>		
Name	Number of shares	Percentage (%)
City Coin Laundry Sdn Bhd	4,500,000	90%

5%

5%

250,000

250,000

# **Registered Office**

No. 3-15D, Jalan Desa 2/2 Desa Aman Puri Kuala Lumpur

## **Trustees**

UBB Amanah Berhad 198801001043 (168400-P) B-G-9, Galeria Hartamas, No, 21, Jalan 26/70a, Desa Sri Hartamas, 50480 Kuala Lumpur, Federal Territory of Kuala Lumpur Email: *info@ubbamanah.com* 

#### **Solicitors**

CTChoo&Co
Advocates & Solicitors
B-5-6, Tower B
Plaza Pantai
Jalan Pantai Baharu
59100 Kuala Lumpur
Email: ctchoo@ctchoo.com

#### The Register of Interest Units will be kept at-

No. 13, Jalan Perindustrian Desa Aman 1B Industri Desa Aman 52200 Kepong, Kuala Lumpur

## **Accessible during Office Hours**

Mon-Fri 9.00 a.m. to 5.00 p.m.

# **Chief Executive Officer**

Ang Beng Teck (Paul) No. 13, Jalan Perindustrian Desa Aman 1B, Industri Desa Aman, 52200 Kepong, Kuala Lumpur Tel: +603 62799010

# Auditor

SY Lee & Co Chartered Accountants (AF 1317) No.29-1, Jalan 46A/26 Taman Sri Rampai, 53300 Kuala Lumpur

Email: paul@laundrybar.com.my

## **Independent Consultant**

SEA NQA PLT (LLP0017988-LGN) A-3-9, 8, Avenue Business Centre Jalan 8/1, 46050 Petaling Jaya Selangor

Email: dalec\_ng@yahoo.com

## 3. **CORPORATE PROFILE**

# 3.1 Corporate Profile of the Management Company

#### **Directors and Senior Management**

## Ang Beng Teck (Paul) - Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer

Paul Ang, 46 years old, is the co-founder of the City Coin Laundry Group. He is the Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer of the Group. He has professional training in accounting and taxation. Paul was appointed as council member of the Malaysian Franchise Association (MFA) in July 2018.

He and fellow Director, Sandra Chua, created the LaundryBar brand which now represents City Coin Laundry Group's principal corporate brand. He, then, vigorously promoted the LaundryBar franchise to SME entrepreneurs. Today, there are more than 400 LaundryBar stores in Malaysia, Brunei, Turkey, and Thailand. Paul has also led the City Coin Laundry Group to receive numerous accolades including the SME 100 Awards 2016, Nan Yang Golden Eagle Award 2017, and Sin Chew Award 2017 for its fast-growing, environmentally-friendly, and sustainable business model.

# Chua Wuan Yeen (Sandra) – Executive Director

Sandra Chua, 45 years old, is the Executive Director and co-founder of the City Coin Laundry Group. Previously, Sandra was involved in the swiftlet farming and bird nest business where she supplied high quality bird's nest to businessmen from Hong Kong, China, Thailand and Indonesia. Sandra also provide technology and fast stay technique made for swiftlet farming. She was also a Maxis authorised dealer in the east coast region of Malaysia.

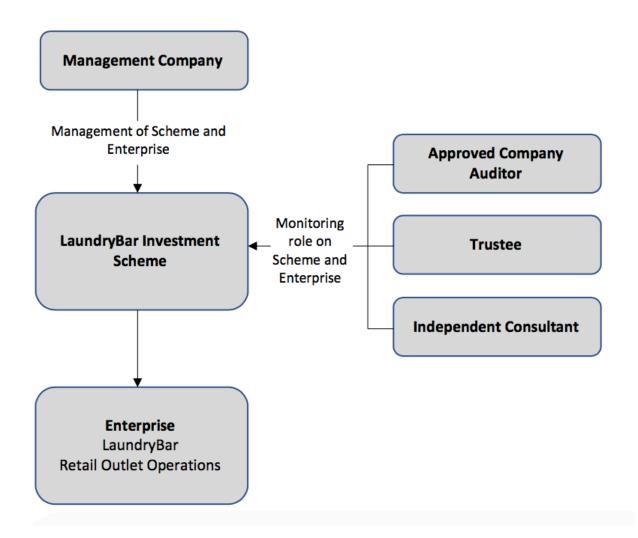
Sandra is a member of the Council of ASEAN Retail Chains & Franchise Federation (ARFF), She is also a winner of SME Women Entrepreneur Award 2016 and the Star Outstanding Business Award (SOBA) Female Entrepreneur of the year 2017.

#### **Choo Chin Thye – Non-Executive Director**

CT Choo, 58 years old, B.Ec, LL.B (Monash), LL.M (Malaya) is an Advocate & Solicitor. He was the Legal Officer and Company Secretary for Usaha Tegas Sdn Bhd (1988-1992), Chief Executive Officer for the corporate group in Sabah that managed the Sandakan Turf Club 4-Digit operations, automotive spare parts and timber processing (1994-1999), Non-Executive Director for Country Heights Holdings Berhad (2005-2008) and ASSA ABLOY Malaysia Sdn Bhd (2005-2010). CT has been Advisor to ICT Zone Ventures Berhad since 2011.

CT served in the Lembaga Tatatertib Peguambela & Peguamcara (2015-2017) and he has been a member of the Bar Council Corporate and Commercial Law Committee since 2015. He is also a member of the SSM Interest Scheme Working Committee (ISWC) and the SSM Corporate Practice Consultative Forum (CPCF) since 2015. He is one of the Founders and key Committee Member of the Federation of Interest Scheme Operators Malaysia (FISOM).

# 3.2 Corporate and Scheme Structure



# 4. MAIN FEATURES OF THE SCHEME

#### 4.1 The Offer

The public is invited to participate in the Scheme which is involved in the Enterprise operations by subscribing to Interest Units and entering into the Management Agreement with the Management Company where Interest Unit Holders shall receive an annual Net Yield at 8% of the Interest Value and the redemption of the Interest Value at the Maturity Date.

The terms and conditions governing the Scheme and the Interest Units are as stated in this Prospectus, the Trust Deed, the Management Agreement.

# 4.2 Arrangements for buy back of Interest Units

The Minister has granted a three (3) years exemption to the Management Company from the requirement of Section 47 of the Interest Schemes Act which relates to the obligation of the Management Company to repurchase any Interest Unit at the request of the Interest Unit Holders.

The period of exemption shall commence on the Initial Launch Date and shall expire on the third (3<sup>rd</sup>) anniversary date from the Initial Launch Date.

After the expiry of the period of exemption the Management Company shall, at the request of an Interest Unit Holder, buyback any Interest Unit from the Interest Unit Holder at Eighty Percent (80%) of the Interest Value based on the costs incurred in respect of marketing expenses, sales commission and administration charges.

Any Interest Unit bought back by the Management Company may be re-offered for public subscription by the Management Company at a value to be determined by the Management Company based on market forces.

For administrative efficiency and effectiveness, any and all Interest Units to be bought back to the Management Company shall be processed only during the calendar months of March, June, September and December.

In each calendar year commencing from the Initial Launch Date, the Management Company's obligation to accept the buyback of any Interest shall be as follows-

Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Total (%)
Buy back limit in Percentage of the value of the total number of Interest Units already subscribed (%)	0	0	0	10	10	15	15	20	30	100

# 4.3 Transfer or Assignment and Transmission of Interest Units

The Interest Units are freely transferable or assignable subject to the terms of the Management Agreement and subject to the transferor giving a copy of the current Prospectus as at the date of such transfer or assignment is furnished to the subsequent subscriber. Non-compliance with this provision may render the Interest Unit Holder's offering to assign or transfer his Interest Units to be in contravention of the section 28(3)(b) of the Interest Schemes Act.

Requests for transfer must be in writing in the prescribed Transfer Form as set out in the Management Agreement or such other form as the Management Company may from time to time prescribe, stating the particulars of the Transferee and the consideration paid or payable by the Transferee for the transfer. The Transfer Form will be provided by the Management Company upon request. Upon the approval of the Management Company, the Transfer Fee is payable to the Management Company.

The Management Company shall provide to an Interest Unit Holder who intends to sell, assign or transfer his Interest Units with a copy of its current Prospectus within fourteen (14) days of such written request by the Interest Unit Holder at a fee of RM20.00 only.

The Management Company may decline to register any transfer of any Interest Unit unless the Interest Unit Holder complies with the terms and conditions as set out in the Management Agreement.

# 4.4 Right to request for Prospectus and Certificate of good standing

Any Interest Unit Holder who wishes to assign/transfer his Interest Units is entitled to procure the following from the Management Company within fourteen (14) days from the date on which a written request is made by the Interest Unit Holder-

- (a) a copy of the current prospectus which shall be provided by the Management Company to the Interest Unit Holder who so decides to transfer his Interest Unit on payment of a fee of RM20.00 to the Management Company. The Interest Unit Holder is required to furnish to the Transferee of the Interest Unit with a copy of the current prospectus failing which such Interest Unit Holder will be committing an offence under section 28(3)(b) of the Interest Schemes Act;
- (b) a certificate certifying among other things-
  - (i) whether there are any legal proceedings in existence or contemplated in respect of the Management Company as far as the Management Company is aware; and
  - (ii) whether the assets in the Enterprise operations are sufficiently covered by insurance.

A copy of such certificate will be furnished within fourteen (14) days of the date on which the written request is made and the Management Company shall be entitled to impose a fee of RM5.00 only.

# 4.5 Right in contract only

The rights held by any Interest Unit Holder in the form of any Interest Unit are in the nature of a contractual and rest in contract only and shall not create in or confer any tenancy or any estate or interest in or over the Management Company, the Enterprise or the Scheme or any part thereof. Save and except for the payment of the Net Yield in each calendar year during the Term and the redemption of the Interest Value at the Maturity Date as provided in the Interest Unit Holder's Management Agreement there shall be no distribution of any additional income, dividends, bonuses, shares, any other form of profit or gains to the Interest Unit Holders nor any right to participate in any-

- (a) profits, assets or realisation of any financial or business undertaking forming part of the Scheme;
- (b) common enterprise in relation to which Interest Unit Holders are led to expect profits and rent from the efforts of the promoter of any enterprise or third party; or
- (c) investment contract.

# 4.6 Income tax payable on Net Yield received

The Interest Unit Holder will be subjected to the relevant income tax on any Net Yield received annually.

# 5. **NUMBER OF INTEREST UNITS AND RESERVED INTEREST UNITS**

#### 5.1 Number of Interest Units

The Management Company covenants that the maximum number of Interest Units that will be issued by the Management Company shall not exceed the Total Interest Units of 15,000. At the Initial Launch Date the Management Company shall offer for public subscription 10,500 Interest Units.

The Management Company intends to offer the Interest Units at the Initial Launch Date of the Scheme for public subscription at the initial subscription price of RM5,000-00. After the Initial Launch Date, the Interest Value will be determined by the Management Company from time to time based on market forces.

#### 5.2 Reserved Interest Units

The Management Company is required to hold the remaining 4,500 Interest Units as Reserved Interest Units which shall not be available for public subscription and may be released for public subscription only upon the approval of the Registrar of Companies.

## 6. **RISK FACTORS**

Before subscribing for any Interest Unit, you should pay particular attention to the fact that the Scheme, and to a large extent, the Scheme's activities, are subject to legal, regulatory and business environment in Malaysia. The Enterprise operations business is subject to a number of factors, many of which are outside the Management Company's control. Prior to making the decision to subscribe for any Interest Unit, you should carefully consider along with the other matters in this Prospectus, the risk considerations set out below. The risks set out below are not an exhaustive list of the challenges that we currently face or that may develop in the future. Additional risks, whether known or unknown, may in the future have a material adverse effect on the Management Company or the Scheme.

## Supply and cost of utilities

Changes in utility rates for electricity, natural gas, water and sewerage affect the Enterprise because LaundryBar Outlets rely on electricity, natural gas, water and sewerage to conduct operations. To address this, the Management Company has contingency plans on water and electricity supply. Where there is a change of utility price the most direct management response method is to increase the rate of washing and drying as this is an overall effect to the self-service laundry industry. It is noted that for the laundry dryer function gas consumption is the highest compared to other utilities.

#### Parts and maintenance costs

Repairs are an ongoing matter for the Enterprise. Even new machines wear down with constant use. The Management Company has contingency plans to address this by way of-

- Parts inventory management. As an authorised distributor from Alliance Laundry Systems
  the Management Company will always monitor and top up on regular service parts and also
  critical parts to avoid shortages and machine downtime.
- Well-trained technicians for repairs and maintenance. Increase of manpower especially technical force to service all LaundryBar Outlets in various regions. Northern, Southern, East and Central the standard index calculation is for every 25 outlets there will be 1 technical support staff; and
- Geospatial distribution of parts storage at locations throughout Malaysia. Parts distribution
  will be allocated to various service centres throughout whole Malaysia especially regular
  service parts

#### **Rental costs**

In localities that are popular, the challenge of increase in rental rates for premises may occur from time to time. To address the exposure to high rental the Management Company has contingency plans for relocation of affected LaundryBar Outlets to new locations within the same neighbourhood. Usually, tenancies of premises will be locked in on a 3 years with option to renew

for another 3 year. The rental rate will be fixed for the first 3 years. The only risk is where a landlord dispose of the premises to a third party without notifying the Management Company. Most of landlords are reluctant to insert a first right of refusal provision in the tenancy agreement.

# Security

There is always a challenge with security at LaundryBar Outlets that are open on a 24-hours cycle. Security risks include-

- Equipment abuse, vandalism and threats to patrons. To mitigate this risk every LaundryBar
  Outlet is armed with alarm systems which have significantly addressed the risk. The premises
  are well-lit and equipped with good resolution CCTV cameras at strategic spots in each outlet.
  The CCTVs are monitored. All incidents are promptly reported to the law enforcement
  agencies.
- Theft of cash from token dispenser machines onsite. To address this challenge the Management Company limits the cash onsite by a procedure to remove surplus cash from the token machines on a regular basis daily. Use of Visa Paywave cashless systems has also mitigated the risk.

All outlets have adequate insurance coverage against usual risks to business premises.

#### **Covid-19 Pandemic**

The recent COVID-19 pandemic has led to the implementation of national lockdown policies in many countries, including Malaysia. In Malaysia, the Movement Control Order ("MCO"), which was implemented in March, entailed the closure of all Government and private premises except those involved in essential services (water, electricity, energy, telecommunications, postal, transportation, irrigation, oil, gas, fuel, lubricants, broadcasting, finance, banking, health, pharmacy, fire, prison, port, airport, safety, defence, cleaning, retail and food supply). The subsequent transition to Conditional MCO in May and Recovery MCO in June provided some relief to corporations as they were allowed to operate, though at a limited capacity. Although Conditional MCO and Enhanced MCO are implemented in October in several states and territories including Kuala Lumpur, Selangor, Putrajaya, Penang and Sabah due to a resurgence in number of new COVID-19 cases, the corporations are still allowed to operate at a limited capacity and are subject to travel restrictions in the relevant areas.

The Management Company has taken all necessary measures to mitigate the effect of the MCO and the customer base of the LaundryBar Outlets have proven to be loyal and resilient even during these challenging period.

## 7. PROCEDURE FOR APPLICATION FOR INTEREST UNITS

An Applicant is required to fill in the Application Form attached with this Prospectus and become an Interest Unit Holder with the issuance of the number of Interest Units applied for after execution of the Management Agreement. The Applicant will have to pay the cash sum for the Interest Value upon submission of the Application Form.

The Management Company reserves the right to refuse any application without assigning any reason therefore. A rejection notice will be given to unsuccessful applicants together with a refund of any monies paid free of interest.

Any Applicant may by giving notice in writing duly served on the Management Company within the Cooling-Off Period rescind the Management Agreement and receive a full refund of all amounts paid to the Management Company pursuant to the Management Agreement. Upon the expiry of the Cooling-Off Period, failure on the part of the Applicant (who becomes an Interest Unit Holder upon execution of the Management Agreement) to comply with the terms and conditions of the Management Agreement (including the payment of any outstanding monies due and payable by the Interest Unit Holder) may result, at the Management Company's absolute discretion, in the termination of the Management Agreement and the forfeiture of all monies paid by the Interest Unit Holder.

# 8. **INDEPENDENT CONSULTANT**

An Independent Consultant shall be appointed by the Management Company and the Independent Consultant shall conduct a semi-annual review and inspection of the Scheme's operations which encompasses a review of the quality of work carried out at the Scheme and, the Independent Consultant will prepare a semi-annual written report a copy of which will be submitted to the Management Company, Trustee and the Registrar of Companies and, also be incorporated into the next published Prospectus.

#### 9. **CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER**

The Management Company shall appoint a Chief Executive Officer subject to the prior consent of the Registrar of Companies.

The Chief Executive Officer shall handle the operations and responsibilities of the Management Company upon such terms as shall be agreed upon between the Management Company and the Chief Executive Officer.

The Chief Executive Officer shall be responsible to look into and resolve any complaints relating to the Scheme and its operations.

#### 10. COVENANTS AND DUTIES OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY

- 10.1 The Management Company has represented to the Trustee as follows-
  - (a) that it is a public limited company incorporated in Malaysia with an issued and paid-up share capital of RM5,000,000.00 and is empowered to carry on the business of operating the Scheme and offering Interest Units to members of the public in respect of the Scheme;
  - (b) that some of its officers involved in the development, management and operation of the Scheme have had prior experience and expertise in managing companies or related businesses; and
  - (c) that it is majority owned by local shareholders.
- 10.2 The Management Company has covenanted with the Trustee that so long as any Interest Unit is issued by it and such Interest Unit remains valid and binding on it, it shall-
  - (a) use its best endeavours to carry on and conduct its business in a proper and efficient manner and to ensure any contract, arrangement, undertaking or enterprise to which the trust deed or contractual agreement relates is carried on and conducted in a proper and efficient manner;
  - (b) not sell any Interest Units to which the Trust Deed relates otherwise than at an Interest Value calculated in accordance with the Trust Deed;
  - (c) ensure that no moneys available for investment under the Trust Deed will be invested in or lent to the Management Company, the Trustee or any company other than which is allowed under the Interest Schemes Act;
  - (d) give such particulars as are sufficient to disclose the nature of the contract, arrangement, undertaking or enterprise, and the nature of the Interest Units to which the Trust Deed relates; and
  - (e) ensure that the Trust Deed creates a trust or declaration of trust, including precise information as to the circumstances in which the money, marketable securities, investments and other property subject to the trust are or will be vested in the Trustee, and the obligations towards the Interest Unit Holders in regard to the property.
- 10.3 The Management Company further covenants to the Trustee as follows-
  - (a) it shall insure and/or caused to be insured all relevant Enterprise assets from loss or damage by fire or other relevant perils up to their respective full insurable value and to pay all premiums necessary for that purpose;
  - (b) save and except in the ordinary course of business of the Enterprise, it shall not encumber any Enterprise assets in any way except with the prior written consent of the Trustee;

- (c) all Enterprise premises has obtained the approval and consent from the relevant local authorities;
- it shall comply with all relevant written laws, notices, directions, orders, requirements or demands of any government, statutory bodies or other authority affecting the Scheme or the Enterprise;
- (e) it will not alter or vary its nature of business of the Scheme without the prior written consent of the Registrar of Companies;
- (f) it shall ensure that-
  - (i) the advertisements shall not contain any statement or information that may mislead the public or create a misleading impression about this Scheme; and
  - (ii) fulfill any promises and benefits that are stated in the advertisement, including benefits that are not listed in the Trust Deed or any Prospectus;
- (g) it shall obtain approval from the Trustee before the advertisement can be published and disseminated to the public;
- it shall submit to the Registrar of Companies a certificate before publishing or disseminating the advertisement. The certificate shall be signed by at least 2 directors of the Management Company;
- (i) it shall ensure that the advertisement shall contain a statement which carries the following meaning-
  - "Application must be attached to a printed copy of the prospectus."
- (j) it shall assign a reference number to each advertisement. The advertisement shall be stated in each published advertisement;
- (k) it shall ensure that the statements in the advertisements are consistent with the disclosures contained in the Prospectus and shall not include additional facilities or amenities that are not stated in the Prospectus or change the substantive nature of the Scheme; and
- (I) it shall ensure that where any advertisement is disseminated by means of broadcasting, television or cinematograph, the advertisement should contain the address where a copy of the Prospectus can be requested by the public. The prospectus shall be supplied to the public within seven 7 days from the date of such request.
- 10.4 The Management Company is not liable to be removed by the Trustee or the Trustee's representative or by the Interest Unit Holders.

- An Approved Company Auditor shall be appointed by the Trustee in relation to the funds in the Trust Account to be established under the Trust Deed. The Trustee may also from time to time remove or replace the Approved Company Auditor and appoint another or others in its place and the Approved Company Auditor may also resign by giving three (3) months' prior written notice to the Trustee.
- 10.6 The Management Company further covenants as from a day to be fixed by the Minister by notice published in the Gazette that it will not exercise the right to vote in respect of any shares relating to the Interest Units to which this Deed relates held by the Management Company or the Trustee if any as the case may be at any election for directors of a corporation where shares are so held, without the consent of the majority of the holders of Interest Units to which this Deed relates present in person and voting given at a meeting of those holders summoned in the manner provided in this Deed for the purpose of authorising the exercise of the right at the next election.

## 11. TRUSTEE FOR THE SCHEME

As required by the Interest Schemes Act, the invitation to the Applicants in this Prospectus requires a Trust Deed. A copy of the Trust Deed will be made available to Interest Unit Holders for their perusal at the Management Company's premises during office hours. The Trustee is a trust company registered under the Trust Companies Act, 1949.

The parties to the Trust Deed are-

- (i) City Coin Technology Berhad;
- (ii) UBB Amanah Berhad; and
- (iii) Interest Unit Holders.

The main purpose of the Trust Deed is to protect the interests and rights of all Interest Unit Holders. The Trust Deed also sets out duties and responsibilities of the Trustee.

#### 11.1 **Duties of Trustee**

Under the terms of the Trust Deed, specific provisions are provided for the following duties of the Trustee-

# (a) **Due Diligence**

The Trustee shall exercise due diligence and vigilance in carrying out its functions and duties and in monitoring the rights and interests of the Interest Unit Holders to which the Trust Deed relates.

#### (b) Trust Account

The Trustee shall establish a bank account and interest-bearing Trust Account in the name of the Trustee for the Management Company for the purpose of depositing and holding on trust all Interest Value received by the Management Company from the Interest Unit Holders. Upon the expiry of the Cooling-off Period, the Trustee shall, subject to such funds as shall be

retained for the Capital Reserve Fund, release to the Management Company all and any Interest Value received by it from the Management Company and deposited into the Trust Account together with any interest accrued thereon upon the following conditions being fulfilled-

- (i) Expiry of the Cooling-Off Period and confirmation by the Management Company of its acceptance of the application by the Applicant within seven (7) days from the date of expiry of the Cooling-Off Period; and
- (ii) Receiving a a letter of intent issued by the Management Company, whether in electronic form via email or in printed form containing a confirmation of the designated and specific LaundryBar Outlet that the Interest Value shall be applied to.

Any Interest Value deposited into the Trust Account by the Management Company prior to the expiry of the Cooling-Off Period shall be held in trust by the Trustee for the Applicant until the expiry of the Cooling-Off Period and in the event that any application is withdrawn by an Applicant during the Cooling-Off Period, the Trustee shall release such Interest Value, free of interest, to the Applicant.

#### (c) Capital Reserve Fund

The Trustee shall cause to be established another trust account in the name of the Trustee for the Management Company with a reputable bank approved by the Management Company for purposes of setting up a Capital Reserve Fund by the Management Company in respect of the Enterprise operations and the Scheme.

Upon the anniversary of each Prospectus Period Start Date, the Management Company is obliged to contribute to the Capital Reserve Fund from the annual revenue received by the Management Company from the Enterprise operations and the amount of such annual contribution shall be calculated based on the following table where the monetary value of the annual contribution is shown as a percentage of the Interest Value received by the Scheme from the Interest Unit Holders-

Year	Annual contribution to Capital Reserve Fund by the Management Company as a percentage of each Interest Value received by the Scheme in respect of each Interest Unit
1	0%
2	5%
3	5%
4	5%

5	10%
6	10%
7	15%
8	20%
9	30%
Total	100%

#### (d) Partial utilisation of Capital Reserve Fund

At the written request of the Management Company from time to time for specific amounts supported by a written request showing the proposed utilisation of the moneys for the Enterprise operations under the Scheme, the Trustee may withdraw from the Capital Reserve Fund and transfer to the Management Company such amounts requested free of any interest imposition save and except that the amount requested shall not exceed at any time 70% of the total value of the Capital Reserve Fund.

The amount utilised shall reviewed by the Trustee from time to time during the Scheme Period in a meeting with the Management Company where the Trustee and the Management Company may by mutual agreement make the following determination-

- (i) renew the utilisation of the amount or any part thereof by the Management Company for a further calendar year; or
- (ii) notify the Management Company that the entire amount utilised or any part thereof is required to be returned to the Capital Reserve Fund within 6 months from the date of the notification or such date as shall be mutually agreed between the Trustee and the Management Company.

## (e) Maturity Date arrangements for each Management Agreement

Within 7 days from any Maturity Date in respect of any specific Management Agreement, the Management Company shall notify the Trustee in writing that the specific Management Agreement involving the Interest Value for such numbers of Interest Units subscribed for under the Management Agreement has expired after reaching full maturity and a refund of such Interest Value is required to be made to the Interest Unit Holder.

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Within 14 days of receiving such notification the Trustee shall make immediate arrangements to issue a sum equivalent to the Interest Value from the Capital Reserve Fund and remit the sum to the Management Company.

Upon receiving the remittance of the Interest Value from the Trustee, the Management Company shall remit the Interest Value to the Interest Unit Holder or his designated bank account within 7 days.

Upon the completion of the remittance of the Interest Value by the Management Company to the Interest Unit Holder-

- (i) the Management Agreement and the Interest Units in respect of the Management Agreement shall be deemed to have been fully performed, completed and thereafter neither the Management Company nor the Trustee shall have any further obligations to the Interest Unit Holder; and
- (ii) the particulars of the Interest Unit Holder shall be removed from the Register of Interest Units.

#### (f) Investment by Trustee

All sums deposited in the Capital Reserve Fund may be invested by the Trustee in suitably liquid and secure investments or any other investments authorised by law and approved by the Management Company as well as any interest earned thereon shall be accumulated to the principal until release thereof to the Management Company in accordance with the Trust Deed.

#### (g) Accounts to be Audited

The Trustee shall keep or cause to be kept proper books of account in relation to the funds in the Trust Account and of all disbursement thereof and, ensure that a statement of the accounts with the report of the Approved Company Auditor thereon is available for inspection by Interest Unit Holders at the Management Company's Business Office within 2 months of the end of the financial year.

# (h) Register of Interest Units

The Trustee shall ensure that the Register of Interest Units is properly maintained and kept up to date by the Management Company, and also made available for inspection by the Trustee and Interest Units at the place of business of the Management Company free of charge during the working hours of the Management Company.

#### (i) Maximum Number of Interest Units Available for public subscription

The Trustee shall ensure that the maximum number of Interest Units sold does not exceed 10,500.

# (j) Insurance

The Trustee shall ensure that all relevant Enterprise operations assets are insured under an approved insurer from loss or damage by fire up to their respective full insurable value.

#### (k) Consent to Public Subscriptions and Advertising

The Management Company shall notify the Registrar of Companies before publishing or causing to be published, any advertisement circular or other document containing any statement with respect to the subscription price of Interest Units or containing any invitation to subscribe to any Interest Units.

#### (I) Winding up or termination of the Scheme

The Scheme herein shall continue to subsist for so long as there shall be a valid Management Agreement, Interest Unit and its related Interest Unit Certificate in existence or for such other time as shall be agreed between the Trustee and the Management Company.

## (i) Winding up at the direction of Interest Unit Holders

The Interest Unit Holders may call for a meeting to consider and vote on a resolution to direct the Management Company to wind up the Scheme. The resolution shall be approved by at least 75% of the Interest Unit Holders of the Scheme.

# (ii) Winding up in the event of accomplishment or non-accomplishment of the purpose of the Scheme

If the Management Company considers that the purpose of the Scheme has been accomplished or cannot be accomplished the Management Company shall send to the Interest Unit Holders of the Scheme, the Registrar of Companies and the Trustee a notice in writing-

- (aa) explaining the proposal to wind up the Scheme, including explaining how the Scheme's purpose has been accomplished or why that purpose cannot be accomplished;
- (bb) informing the Interest Unit Holders of their right to call a meeting of Interest Unit Holders to consider the proposed winding up of the Scheme and to vote on the proposal to wind up the Scheme; and
- (cc) informing the Interest Unit Holders that the Management Company is permitted to wind up the Scheme unless a meeting is called to consider the proposed winding up of the Scheme within 28 days from the date of the notice.

The Management Company may wind up the Scheme if no meeting is called within 28 days above to consider the proposed winding up and the Registrar of Companies is satisfied of that fact after receiving certification from the Trustee.

#### (m) Remuneration of the Trustee

The Management Company shall pay the Trustee by way of remuneration for its services hereunder such sum as shall be agreed upon between the Trustee and the Management Company commencing from the date of the Trust Deed and throughout the period the Trustee shall remain as Trustee of the Trust Deed.

All out of pocket expenses to be incurred by the Trustee for the performance of its duties under the Trust Deed shall be reimbursed by the Management Company to the Trustee as and when the same is incurred.

#### (n) Statement of Accounts

The Trustee shall ensure that a statement of the accounts with the report of the Approved Company Auditor thereon is available for inspection by Interest Unit Holders at the Management Company's Business Office within 2 months of the end of the financial year.

# (o) Meetings with Independent Consultant

The Trustee shall hold meetings with the Independent Consultant to obtain the necessary feedback on the operations of the Property and Building and procure and obtain reports from the Independent Consultant to ensure that the Enterprise operations is managed and operated efficiently.

## (p) Visits to the Enterprise operations

The Trustee shall make visits to inspect Enterprise operations and seek remedial action if matter is unsatisfactory.

# (q) Investigation of complaints by Interest Unit Holders

The Trustee shall investigate any reasonable complaints made by any Interest Unit Holders to the Trustee.

#### (r) Reporting on non-compliance

The Trustee shall report to the Registrar of Companies any non-compliance of Trust Deed by Management Company

#### 11.2 Powers and Liabilities of Trustee

In addition to all powers privileges and indemnities given by law to trustees and by these presents to the Trustee and by way of supplement thereto it is hereby expressly declared as follows-

- (a) the Trustee may in relation to the enforcement of the provisions contained in the Trust Deed act upon the opinion or advice of any lawyer or any information furnished in writing by any Interest Unit Holder;
- (b) any such advice, opinion or information may be sent by letter, telex, telegram, cablegram, facsimile transmission or radiogram and the Trustee shall not be liable for acting on any advice opinion or information purported to be conveyed by any such letter, facsimile transmission or email although the same may contain errors or is not authentic;
- (c) the Trustee shall not be responsible for any loss incurred through any act, neglect, mistake or default of the Management Company or of any agent of the Management Company and shall not be under any liability on account of anything done or suffered by the Trustee in good

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faith in accordance with or in pursuance of any request or advise of the Management Company. When pursuant to any provision of the Trust Deed any certificate, notice, instruction or other communication is to be given by the Management Company to the Trustee, the Trustee may accept as sufficient evidence thereof a document signed or purporting to be signed on behalf of the Management Company by any person or person whose signature(s) the Trustee is for the time being authorised by the Management Company to accept;

- (d) the Trustee shall not be responsible for any misconduct, mistake, oversight, error of judgment, or want of prudence, on the part of any attorney, banker, lawyer, agent or other person appointed by him or be bound to supervise the actions of any such appointee unless the same is caused by the wilful default or neglect of the Trustee;
- (e) the Trustee shall as regard all the powers authorities and discretions vested in him hereunder have absolute and unfettered discretion as to the exercise thereof whether in relation to the manner or as to the mode of time for the exercise thereof and in the absence of fraud or negligence he shall be in no way responsible for any loss, costs, damages or liabilities that may result from the exercise or non-exercise thereof;
- (f) the Trustee shall not be under any obligation to appear in, prosecute or defend any action or suit in respect of the provisions hereof or any part thereof which in the Trustee's opinion would or might involve the Trustee in expense or liability, unless the Management Company shall so reasonably request in writing and shall so often as required by the Trustee furnish the Trustee an indemnity satisfactory to the Trustee against any such expense or liability; and
- (g) the Trustee shall have full power to determine all questions and doubts arising relating to any of the provisions in the Trust Deed and every such determination whether made upon a question actually raised or implied in the acts or proceedings of the Trustee or the Management Company shall be conclusive and shall bind the Management Company and any and all Interest Unit Holders;

PROVIDED ALWAYS that the foregoing provisions shall not be construed in any way so as to exempt the Trustee against liability for breach of trust arising out of the wilful negligence, dishonesty or fraud of the Trustee.

The Management Company and the Trustee covenant with each other and each of the Interest Unit Holders that they will comply with such guidelines and requirements of the relevant authorities which may be issued/imposed from time to time, unless variations are allowed or exemptions granted, and within the provisions of the Trust Deed.

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# 12. ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT



No. 29-1, Jalan 46A/26 Taman Sri Rampai, 53300 Kuala Lumpur Tel: 03-4142 2020 (6 lines) Fax: 03-4149 4745 E-mail: syleegroup@gmail.com

Date:

2 1 JUN 2021

The Board of directors CITY COIN TECHNOLOGY BERHAD No.13, Jalan Perindustrian Desa Aman 1B, Industri Desa Aman, 52200 Kepong, Kuala Lumpur

Dear Sirs,

# CITY COIN TECHNOLOGY BERHAD ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT

# 1. INTRODUCTION

This Accountants' Report ("Report") has been prepared for the inclusion in the Prospectus to be issued under Section 28 of Interest Scheme Act 2016 in connection with the Company's invitation to the public to subscribe for Laundrybar Investment Scheme ("the Scheme") promoted by CITY COIN TECHNOLOGY BERHAD ("the Management Company").

Unless otherwise defined in this Report, words and expressions defined in the Prospectus have the same meaning when used herein.

# SCOPE OF WORK

The Report covers areas specifically set out in the following sections. The scope of our work conducted in the preparation of this Report does not constitute an audit and the information contained in this Report has not been independently verified by us and hence we do not render any such audit opinion.

This Report sets out the information provided to us by the management of the Management Company and the financial information extracted from the audited financial statements of the Management Company for the five financial years / periods ended 30 JUNE 2016, 30 JUNE 2017, 30 JUNE 2018, 28 FEBRUARY 2019 and 29 FEBRUARY 2020.

We have obtained written confirmation from the Management Company for the factual accuracy, attribution of opinion and the material completeness of representations given, both written and oral.

# 3. GENERAL INFORMATION

# 3.1 Incorporation

The Management Company was incorporated in Malaysia on 25 MARCH 2015 as a private limited liability company under the name of CITY COIN TECHNOLOGY SDN BHD. On 23 APRIL 2019, the Management Company was converted to a public limited company and assumed its current name, CITY COIN TECHNOLOGY BERHAD.

The Management Company is not listed on any stock exchange. The holding company is CITY COIN LAUNDRY SDN BHD, which is incorporated in Malaysia.

# 3.2 Principal activities

The Management Company is principally engaged in laundry equipment traders and provision of laundry services. During the financial year, Management Company has diversified its business operation and operates as a management company of laundrybar investment scheme. The subsidiary company, CITY COIN WAJEEHA SDN BHD is principally engaged in provision of 24 hours self-service laundry.

There have been no significant changes in the nature of these principal activities during the financial year, except for the above.

### 4. SHARE CAPITAL

The issued and paid-up share capital of the Management Company as at 29 FEBRUARY 2020 was RM5,000,000 comprising 5,000,000 ordinary shares of RM1.00 each. (\*)

The movement in the issued and paid-up ordinary share capital of the Management Company from the date of incorporation up to 29 FEBRUARY 2020 are as follows:

Date of allotment	No. of ordinary share of RM 1 each allotted	Consideration	Total cumulative issued and fully paid-up share capital RM
25.3.2015	3	Cash	3
23.5.2018	499,997	Cash	500,000
15.1.2019	1,500,000	Cash	2,000,000
28.1.2019	3,000,000	Cash	5,000,000

<sup>(\*)</sup> Please refer to Note 16.14 in the Note to the Statements of Assets and Liabilities.

#### DIVIDEND

No dividend was declared by the Management Company since the date of incorporation.

# 6. AUDITORS, FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING DATES

The financial statements of the Management Company for the financial years / periods ended 30 JUNE 2016, 30 JUNE 2017, 30 JUNE 2018 and 28 FEBRUARY 2019 under review were audited by James & Co. Chartered Accountants (AF0984) and for the financial year 29 FEBRUARY 2020 under review was audited by SY Lee & Co. Chartered Accountants (AF 1317). The audited financial statements for the relevant financial years were not subject to any audit qualification and did not contain any adverse comment made under Section 174(3) of the Companies Act, 1965 and Section 266(3) of the Companies Act, 2016 respectively in Malaysia.

During the financial period 28 FEBRUARY 2019, the Company has changed its financial year end from 30 JUNE to 28 FEBRUARY.

# 7. LAUNDRYBAR INVESTMENT SCHEME ("THE SCHEME")

The Management Company had established and implemented an interest scheme known as "Laundrybar Investment Scheme" ("the Scheme") involving offer for sale to the public units of interest in the Laundrybar investment interest scheme. The interest scheme is based on enterprise involving the establishment, management and operation of a retail network of self-service laundry outlets.

The Scheme involves the creation of units of interests in the Scheme (ISUs) by the Management Company which are offered to the public.

A total of 15,000 units of interest scheme ("ISU") are created under the Scheme, of which 10,500 ISU, representing 70% of the total ISU created will be offered to the public subject to the terms and conditions set out in the Laundrybar Investment Scheme Management Agreement, and the remaining 4,500 ISU will be held by the Management Company as Reserved Interest units not for public subscription and may be released for subscription only upon approval of the Registrar of Companies.

On 26 NOVEMBER 2019 ("Initial Launch Date"), the purchase price of the ISU offered for sale is RM5,000 only per ISU. The Management Company shall have the right to increase the selling price in accordance with the market forces.

An investor of the scheme shall be entitled to fixed interest return and net yield. The annual financial payment to be made by the Company to each Interest Unit in each calendar year based on eight percent (8%) of the Interest Value commencing on the 1st day of January and ending on the 31st day of December to be received by each registered Interest Unit Holder and payable by the Company to Interest Unit Holder under the respective Management Agreement within fourteen (14) days from the 31st day of January of the next following calendar year save and except that the net yield shall be a pro-rated amount during the period between the Commencement Date and the first 31st day of December date following the commencement date and, the net yield shall be a pro-rated amount during the period between the 1st day of January date of the final anniversary of the term and the maturity date or such date upon which the Scheme is terminated.

# 7. LAUNDRYBAR INVESTMENT SCHEME ("THE SCHEME") (CONT'D)

The followings refers to the number of ISU sold as at 11 JUNE 2020:

	Total	Number subscribed	Balance of Interest
	Number	or sold	unit
Public subscription	10,500	(147)	10,353
Reserved interest units	4,500		4,500
	15,000	(147)	14,853

The rights and liabilities of the Interest Unit Holder are spelt out in the Prospectus.

#### 8. OBLIGATION TO REPURCHASE

The Minister has granted a three (3) years exemption to the Company from the requirement of Section 47 of the Interest Schemes Act which relates to the obligation of the Company to repurchase any Interest Unit at the request of the Interest Unit Holders.

The period of exemption shall commence on the Initial Launch Date and shall expire on the third (3rd) anniversary date from the Initial Launch Date.

After the expiry of the period of exemption, the Management Company is under the obligation to repurchase Interest Unit at the request from any Interest Unit Holder as disclosed in Paragraph 4.2 of the Prospectus.

Any Interest Unit bought back by the Management Company may be re-offered for public subscription by the Management Company at a value to be determined by the Management Company based on market forces.

# 9. TENURE OF THE SCHEME AND VALIDITY PERIOD OF MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT

- 9.1 The tenure of the Scheme is 20 years commencing on Initial Launch Date and expiring on the 20<sup>th</sup> year from the Initial Launch Date ("Scheme Expiry Date").
- 9.2 The validity period of 9 years in respect of each Management Agreement and the Interest Units subscribed for by an Interest Unit Holder which shall commence on the Commencement Date and shall expire on the Maturity Date as specified in each Management Agreement.

#### 10. OTHER SCHEMES

The Management Company has not entered into any other undertaking, schemes or investment contracts involving the issue of interest to the public from the date of incorporation to the date of this Report, other than as disclosed in this Report.

Company No. 201501011755 (1137090-D)

# 11. THE TRUSTEE

UBB AMANAH BERHAD has been appointed as the Trustee to the Investors in respect of the Scheme to ensure the latter's compliance with such guideline and requirements of the relevant authorities which may be issued from time to time and within the provision of the Trust Deed dated 1 NOVEMBER 2019.

# 12. SUMMARISED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

The audited financial results of the Management Company for the five financial years / periods are set out below:

Group	Note	1.3.2019 to 29.2.2020 RM	1.7.2018 to 28.2.2019 RM Restated	1.7.2017 to 30.6.2018 RM Restated	1.7.2016 to 30.6.2017 RM	25.3.2015 to 30.6.2016 RM
Revenue	12.1	10,262,549	2,862,619	2,467,576	1 <del>1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 </del>	
Cost of sales	12.2	(4,542,384)	(1,792,107)	(1,481,581)		-
Gross profit		5,720,165	1,070,512	985,995	-	题
Other operating income	12.3	87,935	274,767		(#	(m)
		5,808,100	1,345,279	985,995	-	-
Administrative expenses		(4,612,072)	(1,646,470)	(1,353,330)		
Profit / (Loss) from operations		1,196,028	(301,191)	(367,335)	0.75	=
Finance costs	12.4	(908,783)	(263,901)	(174,954)		-
Profit / (Loss) before taxation		287,245	(565,092)	(542,289)	( <del>-</del>	-2
Taxation	12.5	(7,496)	(9,504)		2 <del>-</del>	
Profit / (Loss) after taxation for the year / period, representing total comprehensive income / (loss) for the year / period		279,749	(574,596)	(542,289)	-	
Profit / (Loss) per share (RM)	12.6	0.06	(0.11)	(1.08)		
Weighted average number of shares of RM1/-each	(A	5,000,000	5,000,000	500,000		
Company						
Revenue	12.1	10,084,366	2,750,208	2,288,041	1,005,660	::=
Cost of sales	12.2	(4,461,241)	(1,731,824)	(1,420,501)	(598,246)	-
Gross profit	-	5,623,125	1,018,384	867,540	407,414	
Other operating income	12.3	95,002	280,529	10,134	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ı <del>-</del>
Section of the sectio	1.5	5,718,127	1,298,913	877,674	407,414	×=
Administrative expenses		(4,488,220)	(1,557,436)	(1,142,504)	(460,847)	(34,000)
Profit / (Loss) from operations		1,229,907	(258,523)	(264,830)	(53,433)	(34,000)
Finance costs	12.4	(908,783)	(263,901)	(174,954)		
Profit / (Loss) before taxation		321,124	(522,424)	(439,784)	(53,433)	(34,000)
Taxation	12.5	(7,496)	(9,504)		-	
Profit / (Loss) after taxation for the year / period, representin total comprehensive income (loss) for the year / period		313,628	(531,928)	(439,784)	(53,433)	(34,000)
Profit / (Loss) per share (RM)	12.6	0.06	(0.11)	(0.88)	(17,811.00)	(11,333.33)
Weighted average number of shares of RM1/-each		5,000,000	5,000,000	500,000	3	3

# 12. SUMMARISED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (CONT'D)

#### 12.1 REVENUE

Group / Company

Revenue was generated from provision of laundry services, hiring income, consultant income and management income.

#### 12.2 COST OF SALES

Group / Company

Cost of sales consist of cleaning fee, detergent, gas, token, maintenance fee, management fee, rental, telecommunication, transaction fee, wages and water and electricity.

#### 12.3 OTHER OPERATING INCOME

Group / Company

Other operating income consist of finance lease interest income, gain on disposal of plant and equipment, interest income, rental income and sundry income.

#### 12.4 FINANCE COSTS

Group / Company

Finance costs consist of hire purchase and lease liabilities interest, interest scheme interest expenses and term loan interest.

#### 12.5 TAXATION

Group / Company

The Group and the Company has no taxable income for the financial years / periods ended 30 JUNE 2016, 30 JUNE 2017, 30 JUNE 2018 and 28 FEBRUARY 2019. For the financial years ended 29 FEBRUARY 2020, taxable income arose from profit received during the financial year.

# 12.6 PROFIT / (LOSS) PER SHARE

Group / Company

The net profit / (loss) per share is calculated based on profit / (loss) after taxation and the weighted average number of shares issued during the financial years / periods.

# 13. SUMMARISED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

The audited financial position of the Management Company for the five financial years / periods are set out below:

Group	As at 29.2.2020 RM	As at 28.2.2019 RM	As at 30.6.2018 RIM
Assets		Restated	Restated
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets Investment property Intangible assets Other investment	11,320,596 18,699,011 1,224,385 931,967 - 32,175,959	6,942,158 10,378,530 - 233,312 10,000 17,564,000	3,269,665 4,482,781 - 110,917 
Current assets Inventories Trade receivables Other receivables Current tax assets Cash and cash equivalents	286,660 47,299 2,016,727 67,685 544,729 2,963,100	127,820 16,692 1,277,640 47,333 63,538 1,533,023	71,110 5,823 502,103 34,826 152,383 766,245
Total assets	35,139,059	19,097,023	8,639,608
Equity and liabilities			
Equity Share capital Accumulated losses Equity attributable to owners of the Company Non-controlling interest	5,000,000 (910,820) 4,089,180 129,589 4,218,769	5,000,000 (1,211,636) 3,788,364 150,656 3,939,020	500,000 (650,626) (150,626) (45,713) (196,339)
Non-current liabilities Bank borrowings Hire purchase and lease liabilities Fund of Interest Scheme Units (ISU)	953,016 14,764,120 335,000 16,052,136	927,835 8,099,821 - 9,027,656	3,577,026 3,577,026

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# 13. SUMMARISED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONT'D)

	As at 29.2.2020	As at 28.2.2019	As at 30.6.2018
Group	RM	RM	RM
and the state of t		Restated	Restated
Current liabilities			
Trade payables	14,776	43,384	20,322
Other payables	155,059	1,258,151	4,013,355
Amount owing to directors	152,718	164,718	287,240
Amount owing to holding company	10,609,356	2,420,740	-
Bank borrowings	33,785	67,448	<del>-</del> ,
Hire purchase and lease liabilities	3,897,752	2,175,906	938,004
Fund of Interest Scheme			
Units (ISU)	4,708		
	14,868,154	6,130,347	5,258,921
Total liabilities	30,920,290	15,158,003	8,835,947
Total equity and liabilities	35,139,059	19,097,023	8,639,608

# 13. SUMMARISED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONT'D)

Company Assets	As at 29.2.2020 RM	As at 28.2.2019 RM Restated	As at 30.6.2018 RM Restated	As at 30.6.2017 RM	As at 30.6.2016 RM
Non-current assets					
Property, plant and equipment	10,984,240	6,557,875	2,859,931	1,328,413	-
Right-of-use assets	18,595,031	10,235,557	4,313,813	**	-
Investment property	1,224,385	-	<b></b>	<b></b>	:=:
Intangible assets	920,095	215,504	89,152	¥	-
Investment in subsidiary company	290,850	290,850	55	-	1
Other investment		10,000	10,000	<b>#</b> 0	=
Finance lease receivables	76,604	119,601	176,434		
	32,091,205	17,429,387	7,449,385	1,328,413_	:-
Current assets	286,660	127,820	71,110	_	:=:
Inventories Trade receivables	47,299	16,692	5,823	_	_
Other receivables	2,003,447	1,264,360	488,824	144,233	5000 Spain
Finance lease receivables	42,997	56,833	24,638	- 11,200	_
Amount owing by subsidiary	42,007	00,000	21,000		
company	37,100	3,268	309,250	-	_
Current tax assets	67,685	47,333	34,826	<del>at</del> u	-
Cash and cash equivalents	537,882	52,170	141,448	55,005	2,966
Saoti and Saoti Squitaisins	3,023,070	1,568,476	1,075,919	199,238	2,966
Total assets	35,114,275	18,997,863	8,525,304	1,527,651	2,966
Equity and liabilities					
Equity					
Share capital	5,000,000	5,000,000	500,000	3	3
Accumulated losses	(784,802)	(1,098,430)	(566,502)	(87,433)	(34,000)
	4,215,198	3,901,570	(66,502)	(87,430)	(33,997)
Non-current liabilities	050 040	007.005			
Bank borrowings	953,016	927,835	2 577 026	-	
Hire purchase and lease liabilities	14,764,120	8,099,821	3,577,026		1.70
Fund of Interest Scheme	225 000			9.0	1922
Units (ISU)	335,000 16,052,136	9,027,656	3,577,026		
	10,032,130	3,027,030	0,011,020		

# 13. SUMMARISED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONT'D)

	As at 29.2.2020	As at 28.2.2019	As at 30.6.2018	As at 30.6.2017	As at 30.6.2016
Company	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM
		Restated	Restated		
Current liabilities					
Trade payables	4,206	15,264		1,490	E#
Other payables	144,416	1,224,561	3,999,536	1,543,750	36,963
Amount owing to directors	152,718	164,718	77,240	69,841	<b>≈</b>
Amount owing to holding company	10,609,356	2,420,740	-	=	
Bank borrowings	33,785	67,448	-	=	U #
Hire purchase and lease liabilities	3,897,752	2,175,906	938,004	-	15
Fund of Interest Scheme					
Units (ISU)	4,708_			-	
	14,846,941	6,068,637	5,014,780	1,615,081	36,963
Total liabilities	30,899,077	15,096,293	8,591,806	1,615,081	36,963
Total equity and liabilities	35,114,275	18,997,863	8,525,304	1,527,651	2,966

13.1 No comparative figures are presented for the Group for the financial year ended 30 JUNE 2016 and 30 JUNE 2017 as the first set of consolidated financial statements are for the financial year ended 30 JUNE 2018.

# 14. STATEMENTS OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS AT 29 FEBRUARY 2020

The following is the statements of assets and liabilities of CITY COIN TECHNOLOGY BERHAD based on the audited financial statements as at 29 FEBRUARY 2020 and should be read in conjunction with the notes thereto:-

	Note	Group RM	Company RM
Assets			
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets Investment property Intangible assets Investment in subsidiary company Finance lease receivables	16.4 16.5 16.6 16.7 16.8 16.9	11,320,596 18,699,011 1,224,385 931,967 - - 32,175,959	10,984,240 18,595,031 1,224,385 920,095 290,850 76,604 32,091,205
Current assets Inventories Trade receivables Other receivables Finance lease receivables Amount owing by subsidiary company Current tax assets Cash and cash equivalents	16.10 16.11 16.12 16.9 16.8	286,660 47,299 2,016,727 - - 67,685 544,729 2,963,100	286,660 47,299 2,003,447 42,997 37,100 67,685 537,882 3,023,070
Total assets		35,139,059	35,114,275
Equity and liabilities			
Equity Share capital Accumulated losses Equity attributable to owners of the Company Non-controlling interest	16.14	5,000,000 (910,820) 4,089,180 129,589 4,218,769	5,000,000 (784,802) 4,215,198 - 4,215,198
Non-current liabilities Bank borrowings Hire purchase and lease liabilities Fund of Interest Scheme Units (ISU)	16.15 16.16 16.17	953,016 14,764,120 335,000 16,052,136	953,016 14,764,120 335,000 16,052,136

# 14. STATEMENTS OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS AT 29 FEBRUARY 2020 (CONT'D)

	Note	Group RM	Company RM
Current liabilities			
Trade payables	16.18	14,776	4,206
Other payables	16.19	155,059	144,416
Amount owing to directors	16.20	152,718	152,718
Amount owing to holding company	16.21	10,609,356	10,609,356
Bank borrowings	16.15	33,785	33,785
Hire purchase and lease liabilities	16.16	3,897,752	3,897,752
Fund of Interest Scheme			
Units (ISU)	16.17	4,708	4,708
		14,868,154	14,846,941
Total liabilities		30,920,290	30,899,077
			\$ <del></del>
Total equity and liabilities		35,139,059	35,114,275

# 15. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 29 FEBRUARY 2020

Profit before taxation		Note	Group RM	Company RM
Profit before taxation	Cash flows from operating activities			
Amortisation of intangible assets         74,670         68,734           Deposit forfeited         6,000         6,000           Depreciation of investment property         25,615         25,615           Depreciation of property, plant and equipment         1,056,387         1,008,460           Depreciation of right-of-use assets         2,868,628         2,829,635           Hire purchase and lease liabilities interest         851,896         851,896           Interest income         (1,024)         (1,024)           Interest scheme interest expenses         5,099         5,099           Finance lease interest income         -         (7,067)           Term loan interest         51,788         51,788           Operating profit before working capital changes         5,226,304         5,160,260           Decrease / (Increase) in working capital         (1,102,40)         (1,108,840)           Inventories         (30,607)         (30,607)           Trade receivables         (745,087)         (745,087)           Trade receivables         (745,087)         (745,087)           Amount owing by subsidiary company         -         (3,832)           Trade payables         (1,103,092)         (1,103,092)           Other payables         (1,103,092)	harviorem Militarian selection of the control of th		287,245	321,124
Amortisation of intangible assets         74,670         68,734           Deposit forfeited         6,000         6,000           Depreciation of investment property         25,615         25,615           Depreciation of property, plant and equipment         1,056,387         1,008,460           Depreciation of right-of-use assets         2,868,628         2,829,635           Hire purchase and lease liabilities interest         851,896         851,896           Interest income         (1,024)         (1,024)           Interest scheme interest expenses         5,099         5,099           Finance lease interest income         -         (7,067)           Term loan interest         51,788         51,788           Operating profit before working capital changes         5,226,304         5,160,260           Decrease / (Increase) in working capital         (1,102,40)         (1,108,840)           Inventories         (30,607)         (30,607)           Trade receivables         (745,087)         (745,087)           Trade receivables         (745,087)         (745,087)           Amount owing by subsidiary company         -         (3,832)           Trade payables         (1,103,092)         (1,103,092)           Other payables         (1,103,092)	Adjustments for:		(	
Depreciation of investment property   25,615   25,615   Depreciation of property, plant and equipment   1,056,387   1,008,460   Depreciation of right-of-use assets   2,868,628   2,829,635   Hire purchase and lease liabilities interest   851,896   851,896   Rotation of right-of-use assets   851,896   Rotation of right-of-use assets   1,0024   (1,024)   (1,024)   (1,024)   Interest income   (1,024)   (1,024)   Interest scheme interest expenses   5,099   5,099   Finance lease interest income   7,067   7,067   Term loan interest   51,788   51,788   51,788   51,788   51,788   51,788   51,788   51,788   51,788   51,788   51,788   51,788   51,788   51,788   51,788   51,788   51,788   51,788   51,788   61,760,260   Finance lease interest income   (158,840)   (158,840)   (158,840)   (158,840)   (178,087)   (1745,087)			74,670	68,734
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment   1,056,387   1,008,460     Depreciation of right-of-use assets   2,868,628   2,829,635     Hire purchase and lease liabilities interest   851,896   851,896     Interest income   (1,024)   (1,024)     Interest scheme interest expenses   5,099   5,099     Finance lease interest income   - (7,067)     Term loan interest   51,788   51,788     Operating profit before working capital changes   5,226,304   5,160,260      Decrease / (Increase) in working capital linventories   (158,840)   (158,840)     Trade receivables   (30,607)   (30,607)     Other receivables   (745,087)   (745,087)     Amount owing by subsidiary company   - (33,3832)     Trade payables   (28,608)   (11,038)     Other payables   (11,03,092)   (1,080,145)     Amount owing to directors   (12,000)   (12,000)     Amount owing to holding company   8,188,616   8,188,616     6,110,382   6,117,047     Net cash generated from operations   11,336,686   11,277,307     Interest received   1,024   1,024     Tax paid   (27,848)   (27,848)     Net cash from operating activities   11,309,862   11,250,483	Deposit forfeited		6,000	6,000
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	Depreciation of investment property		25,615	
Hire purchase and lease liabilities interest   851,896   1,024   (1,024)   (1,026)	Depreciation of property, plant and equipment			E-MANUALIVE STILL S-DANGER.
Interest income   (1,024)   (1,024)   Interest scheme interest expenses   5,099   5,099   Finance lease interest income   7   (7,067)   Term loan interest   51,788	Depreciation of right-of-use assets			
Interest scheme interest expenses   5,099   5,099   Finance lease interest income   7   (7,067)   Term loan interest   51,788   51,788   51,788   51,788   51,788   51,788   51,788   51,788   51,788   51,788   51,788   51,788   51,788   51,788   51,788   51,226,304   5,160,260	Hire purchase and lease liabilities interest			
Finance lease interest income         -         (7,067)           Term loan interest         51,788         51,788           Operating profit before working capital changes         5,226,304         5,160,260           Decrease / (Increase) in working capital Inventories         (158,840)         (158,840)           Inventories         (30,607)         (30,607)         (30,607)           Other receivables         (745,087)         (745,087)         (745,087)           Amount owing by subsidiary company         -         (33,832)         (11,058)         (11,058)         (11,058)         (11,058)         (11,058)         (11,058)         (11,058)         (11,058)         (12,000)         (12,000)         (12,000)         (12,000)         (12,000)         (12,000)         (12,000)         (12,000)         (12,000)         (12,000)         (13,036,686         11,277,307         (11,034,686         11,277,307         (11,036,686         11,277,307         (11,036,686         11,277,307         (11,036,686         11,277,307         (11,000,04)         (11,000,04)         (11,000,04)         (11,000,04)         (11,000,04)         (11,000,04)         (11,000,04)         (11,000,04)         (11,000,04)         (11,000,04)         (11,000,04)         (11,000,04)         (11,000,04)         (11,000,04)         (11,000,04)<			AND SERVICE SELECTION AND	
Term loan interest         51,788         51,788           Operating profit before working capital changes         5,226,304         5,160,260           Decrease / (Increase) in working capital Inventories         (158,840)         (158,840)           Inventories         (30,607)         (30,607)           Other receivables         (745,087)         (745,087)           Amount owing by subsidiary company         -         (33,832)           Trade payables         (28,608)         (11,058)           Other payables         (1,103,092)         (1,080,145)           Amount owing to directors         (12,000)         (12,000)           Amount owing to holding company         8,188,616         8,188,616           Aniount owing to holding company         6,110,382         6,117,047           Net cash generated from operations         11,336,686         11,277,307           Interest received         1,024         1,024           Tax paid         (27,848)         (27,848)           Net cash from operating activities         11,309,862         11,250,483           Net cash from investing activities         56,833           Proceeds from disposal of plant and equipment         6,175         6,175           Finance lease rental received         -         7,06	Interest scheme interest expenses		5,099	
Operating profit before working capital changes         5,226,304         5,160,260           Decrease / (Increase) in working capital Inventories         (158,840)         (158,840)           Trade receivables         (30,607)         (30,607)           Other receivables         (745,087)         (745,087)           Amount owing by subsidiary company         -         (33,832)           Trade payables         (11,058)         (11,058)           Other payables         (11,000)         (12,000)           Amount owing to directors         (12,000)         (12,000)           Amount owing to holding company         8,188,616         8,188,616           Met cash generated from operations         11,336,686         11,277,307           Interest received         1,024         1,024           Tax paid         (27,848)         (27,848)           Net cash from operating activities         11,309,862         11,250,483           Net cash from investing activities         56,833           Finance lease interest received         -         7,067           Finance lease rental received         -         7,067           Finance lease rental received         -         56,833           Proceeds from disposal of plant and equipment         6,175         6,175			_	
Decrease / (Increase) in working capital   Inventories   (158,840)   (30,607)   (30,607)   (30,607)   (30,607)   (745,087)				
Inventories	Operating profit before working capital changes		5,226,304	5,160,260
Inventories	Decrease / (Increase) in working capital			
Trade receivables         (30,607)         (30,607)           Other receivables         (745,087)         (745,087)           Amount owing by subsidiary company         -         (33,832)           Trade payables         (28,608)         (11,058)           Other payables         (1,103,092)         (1,080,145)           Amount owing to directors         (12,000)         (12,000)           Amount owing to holding company         8,188,616         8,188,616           Amount owing to holding company         6,110,382         6,117,047           Net cash generated from operations         11,336,686         11,277,307           Interest received         1,024         1,024           Tax paid         (27,848)         (27,848)           Net cash from operating activities         11,309,862         11,250,483           Cash flows from investing activities           Finance lease interest received         -         7,067           Finance lease rental received         -         56,833           Proceeds from disposal of plant and equipment         6,175         6,175           Proceeds from disposal of other investment         10,000         10,000           Purchase of plant and equipment         (6,691,000)         (6,691,000)			(158.840)	(158.840)
Other receivables         (745,087)         (745,087)           Amount owing by subsidiary company         -         (33,832)           Trade payables         (28,608)         (11,058)           Other payables         (1,103,092)         (1,080,145)           Amount owing to directors         (12,000)         (12,000)           Amount owing to holding company         8,188,616         8,188,616           Male cash generated from operations         11,336,686         11,277,307           Interest received         1,024         1,024           Tax paid         (27,848)         (27,848)           Net cash from operating activities         11,309,862         11,250,483           Cash flows from investing activities         11,309,862         11,250,483           Cash flows from investing activities         56,833         11,250,483           Proceeds from disposal of plant and equipment         6,175         6,175           Proceeds from disposal of other investment         10,000         10,000           Purchase of plant and equipment         (6,691,000)         (6,691,000)           Purchase of intangible assets         (773,325)         (773,325)				
Amount owing by subsidiary company         -         (33,832)           Trade payables         (28,608)         (11,058)           Other payables         (1,103,092)         (1,080,145)           Amount owing to directors         (12,000)         (12,000)           Amount owing to holding company         8,188,616         8,188,616           Met cash generated from operations         11,336,686         11,277,307           Interest received         1,024         1,024           Tax paid         (27,848)         (27,848)           Net cash from operating activities         11,309,862         11,250,483           Cash flows from investing activities         7,067           Finance lease interest received         -         7,067           Finance lease rental received         -         56,833           Proceeds from disposal of plant and equipment         6,175         6,175           Proceeds from disposal of other investment         10,000         10,000           Purchase of plant and equipment         (6,691,000)         (6,691,000)           Purchase of intangible assets         (773,325)         (773,325)				
Trade payables         (28,608)         (11,058)           Other payables         (1,103,092)         (1,080,145)           Amount owing to directors         (12,000)         (12,000)           Amount owing to holding company         8,188,616         8,188,616           6,110,382         6,117,047           Net cash generated from operations Interest received         11,336,686         11,277,307           Interest received         (27,848)         (27,848)           Tax paid         (27,848)         (27,848)           Net cash from operating activities         11,309,862         11,250,483           Cash flows from investing activities         7,067         56,833           Finance lease interest received         -         7,067           Finance lease rental received         -         56,833           Proceeds from disposal of plant and equipment         6,175         6,175           Proceeds from disposal of other investment         10,000         10,000           Purchase of plant and equipment         (6,691,000)         (6,691,000)           Purchase of intangible assets         (773,325)         (773,325)			_	
Other payables       (1,103,092)       (1,080,145)         Amount owing to directors       (12,000)       (12,000)         Amount owing to holding company       8,188,616       8,188,616         Net cash generated from operations       11,336,686       11,277,307         Interest received       1,024       1,024         Tax paid       (27,848)       (27,848)         Net cash from operating activities       11,309,862       11,250,483         Cash flows from investing activities       7,067         Finance lease interest received       -       7,067         Finance lease rental received       -       56,833         Proceeds from disposal of plant and equipment       6,175       6,175         Proceeds from disposal of other investment       10,000       10,000         Purchase of plant and equipment       (6,691,000)       (6,691,000)         Purchase of intangible assets       (773,325)       (773,325)			(28,608)	
Amount owing to directors       (12,000)       (12,000)         Amount owing to holding company       8,188,616       8,188,616         Rot cash generated from operations       11,336,686       11,277,307         Interest received       1,024       1,024         Tax paid       (27,848)       (27,848)         Net cash from operating activities       11,309,862       11,250,483         Cash flows from investing activities       7,067         Finance lease interest received       -       7,067         Finance lease rental received       -       56,833         Proceeds from disposal of plant and equipment       6,175       6,175         Proceeds from disposal of other investment       10,000       10,000         Purchase of plant and equipment       (6,691,000)       (6,691,000)         Purchase of intangible assets       (773,325)       (773,325)				
Amount owing to holding company       8,188,616       8,188,616         Net cash generated from operations       11,336,686       11,277,307         Interest received       1,024       1,024         Tax paid       (27,848)       (27,848)         Net cash from operating activities       11,309,862       11,250,483         Cash flows from investing activities         Finance lease interest received       -       7,067         Finance lease rental received       -       56,833         Proceeds from disposal of plant and equipment       6,175       6,175         Proceeds from disposal of other investment       10,000       10,000         Purchase of plant and equipment       (6,691,000)       (6,691,000)         Purchase of intangible assets       (773,325)       (773,325)			(12,000)	(12,000)
Net cash generated from operations         6,110,382         6,117,047           Interest received         11,336,686         11,277,307           Interest received         1,024         1,024           Tax paid         (27,848)         (27,848)           Net cash from operating activities         11,309,862         11,250,483           Cash flows from investing activities           Finance lease interest received         -         7,067           Finance lease rental received         -         56,833           Proceeds from disposal of plant and equipment         6,175         6,175           Proceeds from disposal of other investment         10,000         10,000           Purchase of plant and equipment         (6,691,000)         (6,691,000)           Purchase of intangible assets         (773,325)         (773,325)			8,188,616	8,188,616
Interest received         1,024         1,024           Tax paid         (27,848)         (27,848)           Net cash from operating activities         11,309,862         11,250,483           Cash flows from investing activities           Finance lease interest received         -         7,067           Finance lease rental received         -         56,833           Proceeds from disposal of plant and equipment         6,175         6,175           Proceeds from disposal of other investment         10,000         10,000           Purchase of plant and equipment         (6,691,000)         (6,691,000)           Purchase of intangible assets         (773,325)         (773,325)			6,110,382	6,117,047
Tax paid         (27,848)         (27,848)           Net cash from operating activities         11,309,862         11,250,483           Cash flows from investing activities         -         7,067           Finance lease interest received         -         56,833           Proceeds from disposal of plant and equipment         6,175         6,175           Proceeds from disposal of other investment         10,000         10,000           Purchase of plant and equipment         (6,691,000)         (6,691,000)           Purchase of intangible assets         (773,325)         (773,325)	Net cash generated from operations		11,336,686	
Net cash from operating activities         11,309,862         11,250,483           Cash flows from investing activities           Finance lease interest received         -         7,067           Finance lease rental received         -         56,833           Proceeds from disposal of plant and equipment         6,175         6,175           Proceeds from disposal of other investment         10,000         10,000           Purchase of plant and equipment         (6,691,000)         (6,691,000)           Purchase of intangible assets         (773,325)         (773,325)	Interest received		1,024	
Cash flows from investing activities  Finance lease interest received - 7,067  Finance lease rental received - 56,833  Proceeds from disposal of plant and equipment 6,175  Proceeds from disposal of other investment 10,000 10,000  Purchase of plant and equipment (6,691,000)  Purchase of intangible assets (773,325)	Tax paid		(27,848)	(27,848)
Finance lease interest received - 7,067  Finance lease rental received - 56,833  Proceeds from disposal of plant and equipment 6,175  Proceeds from disposal of other investment 10,000  Purchase of plant and equipment (6,691,000)  Purchase of intangible assets (773,325)	Net cash from operating activities		11,309,862	11,250,483
Finance lease interest received - 7,067  Finance lease rental received - 56,833  Proceeds from disposal of plant and equipment 6,175  Proceeds from disposal of other investment 10,000  Purchase of plant and equipment (6,691,000)  Purchase of intangible assets (773,325)	Cash flows from investing activities			
Finance lease rental received - 56,833  Proceeds from disposal of plant and equipment 6,175  Proceeds from disposal of other investment 10,000  Purchase of plant and equipment (6,691,000)  Purchase of intangible assets (773,325)			_	7 067
Proceeds from disposal of plant and equipment 6,175 6,175  Proceeds from disposal of other investment 10,000 10,000  Purchase of plant and equipment (6,691,000)  Purchase of intangible assets (773,325)			-	200
Proceeds from disposal of other investment10,00010,000Purchase of plant and equipment(6,691,000)(6,691,000)Purchase of intangible assets(773,325)(773,325)			6 175	C-400004-10000-1000
Purchase of plant and equipment       (6,691,000)       (6,691,000)         Purchase of intangible assets       (773,325)       (773,325)			7.5	
Purchase of intangible assets (773,325) (773,325)				
11/470.1001 17:007.2001	Net cash used in investing activities		(7,448,150)	(7,384,250)

# 15. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 29 FEBRUARY 2020 (CONT'D)

	Note	Group RM	Company RM
Cash flows from financing activities Proceeds from issuance of Interest Scheme Units Payment of interest to Interest Scheme holders Payment of term loan interest Repayment of term loan Repayment of hire purchase and lease liabilities Payment of interest expense on hire purchase and lease liabilities Net cash used in financing activities		335,000 (391) (51,788) (8,482) (2,802,964) (851,896) (3,380,521)	335,000 (391) (51,788) (8,482) (2,802,964) (851,896) (3,380,521)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Opening balance of cash and cash equivalents Closing balance of cash and cash equivalents	16.13	481,191 63,538 544,729	485,712 52,170 537,882

#### 16.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

# 16.1.1 Corporate information

The Company, CITY COIN TECHNOLOGY BERHAD is a private limited liability company, incorporated and domiciled in Malaysia. The registered office of the Company is located at No 3-15D, Jalan Desa 2/2, Desa Aman Puri, 52100 Kuala Lumpur.

The principal place of business is located at No 13, Jalan Perindustrian Desa Aman 1B, Industri Desa Aman, 52200 Kepong Kuala Lumpur.

The Company is principally engaged in laundry equipment traders and provision of laundry services. During the financial year, Company has diversified its business in operation and operates as a management company of laundrybar investment scheme.

The subsidiary company is principally engaged in provision of 24 hours self-service laundry. The information on the name, place of incorporation, principal activities, and percentage of issued share capital held by the holding company in each subsidiary is as disclosed in Note 16.8 to the financial statements.

There have been no significant changes in the nature of these principal activities during the financial year, except for the above.

# 16.1.2 Laundrybar Investment Scheme

The Company launched a Laundrybar investment scheme, namely "Laundrybar Investment Scheme" ("the Scheme") on 26 NOVEMBER 2019. The tenure of the Scheme is 20 years commencing from 26 NOVEMBER 2019 and expiring 20 years from the date of Scheme.

A total of 15,000 units of interest scheme ("ISU") are created under the Scheme, of which 10,500 ISU, representing 70% of the total ISU created will be offered to the public subject to the terms and conditions set out in the Laundrybar Investment Scheme Management Agreement, and the remaining 4,500 ISU will be held by the Management Company.

An investor of the scheme shall be entitled to fixed interest return and net yield. The annual financial payment to be made by the Company to each Interest Unit in each calendar year based on eight percent (8%) of the Interest Value commencing on the 1st day of January and ending on the 31st day of December to be received by each registered Interest Unit Holder and payable by the Company Interest Unit Holder under the respective Management Agreement within fourteen (14) days from the 31st day of January of the next following calendar year save and except that the net yield shall be a pro-rated amount during the period between the Commencement Date and the first 31st day of December date following the commencement date and, the net yield shall be a pro-rated amount during the period between the 1st day of January date of the final anniversary of the term and the maturity date or such date upon which the Scheme is terminated.

# 16.1 GENERAL INFORMATION (CONT'D)

# 16.1.2 Laundrybar Investment Scheme (Cont'd)

The Minister has granted a three (3) years exemption to the Company from the requirement of Section 47 of the Interest Schemes Act which relates to the obligation of the Company to repurchase any Interest Unit at the request of the Interest Unit Holders.

The period of exemption shall commence on the Initial Launch Date and shall expire on the third (3rd) anniversary date from the Initial Launch Date.

After the expiry of the period of exemption, the Management Company is under the obligation to repurchase Interest Unit at the request from any Interest Unit Holder as disclosed in Paragraph 4.2 of the Prospectus.

Any Interest Unit bought back by the Company may be re-offered for public subscription by the Company at a value to be determined by the Company based on market forces.

The current purchase price of the ISU offered for sale is RM5,000 only per ISU.

The followings refers to the number of ISU sold as at 29 FEBRUARY 2020:

	<b>T</b> ( )	Number	Balance
	Total	subscribed	of Interest
	Number	or sold	unit
Public subscription	10,500	(67)	10,433
Reserved interest units	4,500	-	4,500
	15,000	(67)	14,933

#### 16.2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

#### 16.2.1 Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the Group and the Company have been prepared in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ('MFRSs'), International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 2016 in Malaysia.

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 29 FEBRUARY 2020 is the first set of financial statements prepared in accordance with the MFRSs, including MFRS 1 'First-time adoption of MFRSs'. In previous years, the financial statements of the Group and of the Company were prepared in accordance with Malaysian Private Entities Reporting Standard ("MPERS").

# 16.2 BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONT'D)

# 16.2.1 Statement of compliance (Cont'd)

# 16.2.1.1 First-time adoption of MFRSs (Cont'd)

For periods up to and including the period ended 28 FEBRUARY 2019, the Group and the Company had previously prepared financial statements in accordance with Malaysian Private Entities Reporting Standard ("MPERS").

These are the Company's first financial statements prepared in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRSs"), International Financial Reporting Standards. Accordingly, the Group and the Company have prepared financial statements which comply with MFRSs together with the comparative period data as at, and for the period ended, 28 FEBRUARY 2019, as described in the accounting policies. In preparing these financial statements, the Group's and the Company's opening statements of financial position were prepared as at 1 JULY 2018, being the date of transition to MFRSs. The financial impact on transition to MFRS is disclosed in Note 16.27.

The following new and revised MFRSs and IC interpretations issued by Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB") not yet effective, have not been early adopted by the Group and the Company.

	Effective for annual periods beginning
MFRS and amendments to MFRS	on or after
Amendments to MFRS 9 Financial Instruments	1 JANUARY 2020
Amendments to MFRS 139 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement	1 JANUARY 2020
Amendments to MFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures Amendments to MFRS 101: Presentation of Financial	1 JANUARY 2020
Statements	1 JANUARY 2020
Amendments to MFRS 108:Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors	1 JANUARY 2020
Amendments to references to the Conceptual Framework in MFRS Standards	1 JANUARY 2020
Amendments to MFRS 16:Covid-19 – Related Rent Concessions	1 JUNE 2020
Amendments to MFRS 116:Property, plant and equipment	1 JANUARY 2022
Amendments to MFRS 137:Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets	1 JANUARY 2022
Amendments to MFRSs: Annual Improvements to MFRSs 2018 - 2020	1 JANUARY 2022

#### 16.2 BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONT'D)

#### 16.2.1 Statement of compliance (Cont'd)

The directors are in the process of assessing the full impact of the above standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations on the financial statements of the Group and the Company in the year of initial application.

#### 16.2.2 Basis of measurement

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company have also been prepared using historical cost basis, unless otherwise stated in the significant accounting policies set out in Note 16.3.

# 16.2.3 Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia (RM), which is the Group's and the Company's functional currency.

# 16.2.4 Use of estimates and judgements

Management has used estimates and assumptions in measuring the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the end of the reporting period and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported period. Judgements and assumptions are applied in the measurement, and hence, the actual results may not coincide with the reported amounts. The areas involving significant judgements and estimation uncertainties are disclosed in Note 16.3.25.

#### 16.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 16.3.1 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries as at the reporting date. The financial statements of the subsidiaries used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are prepared for the same reporting date as the Company. Consistent accounting policies are applied to like transactions and events in similar circumstances.

All intra-group balances, income and expenses and unrealised gains and losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full.

# 16.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### 16.3.1 Basis of consolidation (Cont'd)

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the aggregate of the consideration transferred, measured at acquisition date fair value and the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree. Acquisition costs incurred are expensed and included in administrative expenses.

For each business combination, the Group elects whether it measures the non-controlling interest in the acquiree either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Adjustments to those fair values relating to previously held interests are treated as a revaluation and recognised in consolidated profit or loss.

Any excess of the cost of business combination over the Group's share in the net fair value of the acquired subsidiary's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities is recorded as goodwill on the statement of financial position. The accounting policy for goodwill is set out in the financial statements. Any excess of the Group's share in the net fair value of the acquired subsidiary's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of business combination is recognised as income in profit or loss on the date of acquisition.

Subsidiary companies are consolidated from the date of acquisition, being the date on which the Group obtains control, and continues to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases. A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

#### 16.3.2 Non-controlling interest

Non-controlling interest is the equity in a subsidiary company not attributable, directly or indirectly, to the Group. On an acquisition-by-acquisition basis, the Group measures any non-controlling interest in the acquiree either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. At the end of reporting period, non-controlling interest consists of amount calculated on the date of combinations and its share of changes in the subsidiary company's equity since the date of combination.

All earnings and losses of the subsidiary company are attributed to the parent and the non-controlling interest, even if the attribution of losses to the non-controlling interest results in a debit balance in the shareholders' equity. Profit or loss attribution to non-controlling interests for prior years is not restated.

Gain or loss on disposal to non-controlling interests is recognised directly in equity.

# 16.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

# 16.3.3 Property, plant and equipment

All items of property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised as an asset if, and only if, it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Subsequent to recognition, property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. When significant parts of the plant and equipment are required to be replaced in intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciation, respectively.

Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognised in the carrying amount of the property, plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in profit and loss as incurred.

Leasehold land are amortised over the remaining lease period. Depreciation of other property, plant and equipment are provided on a straight line basis to write off the cost of each plant and equipment to their residual value over their estimated useful life, at the following annual rates:-

Buildings	2%
Outlet equipment	10%
Laundry equipment	10%
Renovation	10%
Motor vehicle	20%

The carrying values of the property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

The residual value, useful life and depreciation method are reviewed at each financial year end, and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Any revaluation surplus is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the asset revaluation reserve, except to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss, in which case the increase is recognised in profit or loss. A revaluation deficit is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it offsets an existing surplus on the same asset carried in the asset revaluation reserve.

# 16.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

# 16.3.3 Property, plant and equipment (Cont'd)

Any accumulated depreciation as at the revaluation date is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset and the net amount is restated to the re-valued amount of the asset. The revaluation surplus included in the asset revaluation reserve in respect of an asset is transferred directly to retained earnings on retirement or disposal of the asset.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on de-recognition of the assets is included in the profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognised.

#### 16.3.4 Investment properties

Investment properties consist of investments in land and buildings and are held for the purpose of accretion in value and to earn rental. Such properties are not intended for sale in the normal course of business.

Investment properties are treated as long term investments and stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation rates are disclosed in Note 16.3.3.

# 16.3.5 Investment in subsidiary companies

Subsidiaries are all entities (including special purpose entities) over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies, generally accompanying a shareholding giving rise to more than one half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group controls another entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group.

Investment in subsidiary companies is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses. On disposal of such investments, the difference between net disposal proceeds and their carrying amounts is included in profit or loss. Where an indication of impairment exists, the carrying amount of the investment is assessed and written down immediately to its recoverable amount.

#### 16.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

# 16.3.5 Investment in subsidiary companies (Cont'd)

Inter-company transactions, balances, income and expenses on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Profits or losses resulting from inter-company transactions that are recognised in assets are also eliminated. Where necessary, accounting policies for subsidiaries have been changed to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

In the Company's separate financial statements, investments in subsidiary companies are accounted for at cost less impairment losses.

#### 16.3.6 Intangible assets - Brand name

Brand name are recognised as intangible assets if it is probable that the future economic benefits that are attributable to such assets will flow to the Group and the costs of such assets can be measured reliably.

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured initially at cost. Following initial acquisition, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. These costs are amortised to the profit or loss using the straight line method over 10 years.

Intangible assets with finite useful lives are amortised over their estimated useful lives and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method are reviewed at least at each financial year end. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset is accounted for by changing the amortisation period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognised in the profit or loss in the expense category consistent with the function of the intangible asset.

Gain or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

#### 16.3.7 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realisable value.

Cost is determined by using first in, first out method. Cost includes the actual cost of products and incidentals incurred in bringing the inventories into store.

#### 16.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

# 16.3.7 Inventories (Cont'd)

Net realisable value is the estimate of the selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the selling expenses.

#### 16.3.8 Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, or when an annual impairment assessment for an asset is required, the Group makes an estimate of the asset's recoverable amount.

An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units (CGU)).

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows expected to be generated by the assets are discounted to their present value using a pretax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risk specific to the asset. Where the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is written down to its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of a CGU or groups of CGUs are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to those units or groups of units and then, to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit or groups of units on a pro-rata basis.

Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss except for assets that are previously re-valued where the revaluation was taken to other comprehensive income. In this case the impairment is also recognised in other comprehensive income up to the amount of any previous revaluation.

An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. A previously recognised impairment loss is reverse only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. If that is the case, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount.

The increase cannot exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised previously. Such reversal is recognised in profit or loss unless the asset is measured at re-valued amount, in which case the reversal is treated as a revaluation increase. Impairment loss on goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

# 16.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### 16.3.9 Financial assets

Financial assets are recognised in the statement of financial position when the Group and the Company has become a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

The classification depends on the business model which they are held and the contractual cash flow characteristics. The Group and the Company determines the classification of their financial assets at initial recognition and are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Group and the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets.

When financial assets are recognised initially, they are measured at fair value, plus, in the case of financial assets not at fair value through profit or loss, directly attributable transaction costs. A trade receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

The Group and the Company classified its financial assets in the following categories: at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income, and fair value through profit or loss. The Group and the Company does not hold any financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, and fair value through other comprehensive income.

#### Financial assets measured at amortised cost

Amortised cost category comprises financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows and its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The financial assets are not designated as fair value through profit or loss. Subsequent to initial recognition, these financial assets are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The amortised cost is reduced by impairment losses. Foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss.

A financial asset or part of it is derecognised when, and only when, the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or transferred, or control of the asset is not retained or substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred to another party. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the carrying amount of the financial asset and the sum of consideration received (including any new asset obtained less any new liability assumed) is recognised in profit or loss.

#### 16.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### 16.3.9 Financial assets (Cont'd)

Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that required delivery of assets within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace concerned. All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised or derecognised on the trade date or settlement date.

#### 16.3.10 Contract assets and contract liabilities

A contract asset is recognised when the Group and the Company's right to consideration is conditional on something over the passage of time. A contract asset is subject to impairment in accordance to MFRS 9.

A contract liability is stated at cost and represents the obligation of the Group and the Company to transfer goods to a customer for which consideration has been received from the customers.

#### 16.3.11 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consists of cash in hand and bank balances, deposits, bank overdraft, and other short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to cash and are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value. For the purpose of the cash flow statements, cash and cash equivalents are presented net of bank overdrafts and pledged deposits.

# 16.3.12 Impairment of financial assets

The Group and the Company recognise loss allowances for expected credit losses on financial assets measured at amortised cost. The Group and the Company measured expected credit losses in a way that reflects a probability-weighted, time value of money and reasonable and supportable information.

The Group and the Company measure loss allowance for a financial asset at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit loss, except for those financial assets which credit risk had not increase significantly since initial recognition, which are measured at an amount equal to 12-months expected credit losses. Loss allowance for trade receivables are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit loss.

#### 16.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

16.3.12 Impairment of financial assets (Cont'd)

To determine whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition when estimating expected credit losses, the Group and the Company consider all reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Group and the Company's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information, where available.

The maximum period to consider when measuring expected credit losses is the maximum contractual period over which the Group and the Company is exposed to credit risk. The Group and the Company recognise the impairment gain or loss in profit or loss, the amount of expected credit losses (or reversal) that is required to adjust the loss allowance at the reporting date to the amount that is required to be recognised in accordance with MFRS 9.

The carrying amount of the financial asset measured at amortised cost is reduced through the use of an allowance account and the impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss. The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off (either partially or full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Group and the Company determines that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Group and the Company's procedures for recovery amounts due.

#### 16.3.13 Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities, within the scope of MFRS 9, are recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Group and the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss or amortised cost. The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, and borrowings are recognised initially at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### 16.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### 16.3.13 Financial liabilities (Cont'd)

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires. When existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability at fair value and the resulting gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss.

#### 16.3.14 Leases

#### 16.3.14.1 As a lessee

The Group and the Company recognise a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

At inception or on reassessment of a contract that contains a lease component, the Group and the Company allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease and non-lease component on the basis of their relative stand-alone prices. However, for the leases of properties in which the Company is a lessee, it has elected not to separate non-lease components and will instead account for the lease and non-lease components as a single lease component.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The estimated useful lives of the right-of-use assets are determined on the same basis as those of property, plant and equipment as follows:

#### 16.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

16.3.14 Leases (Cont'd)

16.3.14.1 As a lessee (Cont'd)

Laundry equipment Over the lease term
Machineries Over the lease term
Retail outlet Over the lease term

In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurement of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of future lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease if that rate is readily available or the Group's and the Company's incremental borrowing rates. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability include fixed payments, any variable lease payments, amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, and exercise price under an extension option that the Group and the Company are reasonably certain to exercise.

Subsequent to initial measurement, the liability will be reduced for payments made and increased for interest. It is remeasured to reflect any reassessment or modification, or if there are changes in in-substance fixed payments. When the lease liability is remeasured, the corresponding adjustment is reflected in the right-of-use asset, or profit and loss if the right-of-use asset is already reduced to zero.

For short-term leases and leases of low-value assets, instead of recognising a right-of-use asset and lease liability, the payments in relation to these are recognised as a reduction of rental expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

#### 16.3.14.2 As a lessor

As a lessor, the Group and the Company determines at lease inception whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease. To classify each lease, the Group and the Company makes an overall assessment of whether the lease transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset to the lessee. As part of this assessment, the Group and the Company considers certain indicators such as whether the lease is for the major part of the economic life of the asset.

# 16.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

16.3.14 Leases (Cont'd)

16.3.14.2 As a lessor (Cont'd)

#### Finance lease

The Group and the Company classifies a lease as a finance lease if the lease transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee.

The Group and the Company derecognises the underlying asset and recognises a receivable at an amount equal to the net investment in a finance lease. Net investment in a finance lease is measured at an amount equal to the sum of the present value of lease payments from lessee and the unguaranteed residual value of the underlying asset. Initial direct costs are also included in the initial measurement of the net investment. The net investments is subject to MFRS 9 impairment (refer to Note 16.3.12 on impairment of financial assets). In addition, the Group and the Company reviews regularly the estimated unguaranteed residual value.

Lease income is recognised over the term of the lease using the net investment method to reflect a constant periodic rate of return. The Company revises the lease income allocation if there is a reduction in the estimated unguaranteed residual value.

#### Operating lease

The Group and the Company classifies a lease as an operating lease if the lease does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee.

The Group and the Company recognises lease payments received under operating lease as lease income on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### Sublease classification

When the Group and the Company is an intermediate lessor, it assesses the lease classification of a sublease with reference to the right-of-use assets arising from the head lease, not with reference to the underlying asset. If a head lease is short-term lease to which the Group and the Company applies the exemption described above, then it classifies the sublease as an operating lease.

#### 16.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### 16.3.15 Provision for liabilities

Provision are recognised when the Group and the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Provision are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre tax rate that reflects, where appropriate, the risk specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

# 16.3.16 Interest – bearing borrowings

Interest -bearing bank loans and overdrafts are recorded at the amount of proceeds received, net of transaction costs.

Borrowings costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take substantial year of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. The amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation is determined by applying a capitalisation rate which is the weighted average of the borrowings costs applicable to the Company's borrowings that are outstanding during the year, other than borrowings made specifically for the purpose of obtaining another qualifying asset. For borrowings made specifically for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset, the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation is the actual borrowing costs incurred on that borrowing during the year less any investment of that borrowing.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the year they are incurred.

#### 16.3.17 Share capital

Ordinary shares are equity instruments and classified as equity. Distributions to holders of ordinary shares are debited directly to equity and dividends declared on or before the end of the reporting period are recognised as liabilities. Costs directly attributable to equity transactions are accounted for as a deduction, net of tax, from equity.

#### 16.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### 16.3.18 Fund of ISUs

Funds of ISUs received from the ISU holders under the Laundrybar Investment Scheme are financial instruments with an embedded derivative and are designated as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition and are measured initially at fair value and subsequently at fair value, with any resultant gains or losses recognized in profit or loss. Transaction costs are immediately recognised in profit or loss on initial recognition.

Such Funds of ISU is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is extinguished. When and existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchanged or modification is treated as derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

#### 16.3.19 Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or liability or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group and the Company.

For non-financial asset, the fair value measurement takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in the highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group and the Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 – Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

#### 16.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

# 16.3.19 Fair value measurement (Cont'd)

- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group and Company determined whether transfers have occurred between Levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at each reporting date.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Group and the Company had determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics.

#### 16.3.20 Revenue and other income recognition

#### 16.3.20.1 Rendering of services

Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in a contract with a customer in exchange for transferring services to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties. The Group and the Company recognises revenue when (or as) it transfers service to customer. An asset is transferred when (or as) the customer obtains control of the asset.

The Group and the Company provides service at a point in time unless one of the following overtime criteria is met:

- (a) the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided as the Group and the Company performs;
- (b) the Group's and the Company's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced; or
- (c) the Group's and the Company's performance does not creates an asset with an alternative use and the Group and the Company has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

#### 16.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

# 16.3.20 Revenue and other income recognition (Cont'd)

#### 16.3.20.2 Interest income

Interest income is recognized as it accrues using the effective interest method in profit or loss.

#### 16.3.20.3 Rental income

Rental income from investment property is recognised on the straight-line basis over the term of the relevant tenancy agreement. Lease incentives granted are recognised as an integral part of the total rental income, over the term of the lease.

#### 16.3.21 Employee benefits

#### 16.3.21.1 Short term benefits

Wages, salaries, bonuses paid annual leave, paid sick leave, social security contributions and non-monetary benefits are recognised as an expense in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees of the Group and of the Company. Short term accumulating compensated absences such as annual leave are recognised as an expense when the employees rendered services that increase their entitlement to future compensated absences. Short term non-accumulating compensated absences such as sick leave are recognised as an expense when the absences occur.

#### 16.3.21.2 Defined contribution plans

As required by law, Companies in Malaysia make contributions to the state pension scheme, the Employees Provident Fund ("EPF"). Such contributions are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is performed.

#### 16.3.22 Finance costs

Finance costs comprising interest expense on borrowings, Laundrybar Investment Scheme interest expenses, net yield sharing costs and other borrowing costs arising in connection with the borrowing of funds.

# 16.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

16.3.23 Income tax

#### 16.3.23.1 Current tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Current taxes are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that the tax relates to items recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

#### 16.3.23.2 Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes. Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all temporary differences, except:-

- where the deferred tax liabilities arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint ventures, where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax losses and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilised except:-

 where the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arise from the initial recognition of an asset and liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and

#### 16.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

16.3.23 Income tax (Cont'd)

16.3.23.2 Deferred tax (Cont'd)

in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint ventures, deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax assets to be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss. Deferred tax item are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity and deferred tax arising from a business combination is adjusted against goodwill on acquisition.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

#### 16.3.24 Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

A contingent liability is:-

16.3.24.1 A possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group and of the Company; or

# 16.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

- 16.3.24 Contingent liabilities and contingent assets (Cont'd)
  - 16.3.24.2 A present obligation that arises from past events but is not recognised because:
    - 16.3.24.1.1 it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; or
    - 16.3.24.1.2 the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group and of the Company.

A contingent liabilities and assets are not recognised on the statement of financial position of the Group and of the Company, except for contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination that are present obligations and which the fair values can be reliably determined.

#### 16.3.25 Accounting estimation and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated by the directors and management and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The estimates and judgements that affect the application of the Group's and of the Company's accounting policies and disclosures, and have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses are discussed below:-

#### 16.3.25.1 Income taxes

There are certain transactions and computations for which the ultimate tax determination may be different from the initial estimate. The Group and the Company recognises tax liabilities based on its understanding of the prevailing tax laws and estimates of whether such taxes will be due in the ordinary course of business. Where the final outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recognised, such difference will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

# 16.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

16.3.25 Accounting estimation and judgements (Cont'd)

16.3.25.2 Impairment of non-financial assets

When the recoverable amount of an asset is determined based on the estimate of the value-in-use of the cash-generating unit to which the asset is allocated, the management is required to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows from the cash-generating unit and also to apply a suitable discount rate in order to determine the present value of those cash flows.

16.3.25.3 Fair value estimates for certain financial assets and liabilities

The Group and the Company carries certain financial assets and liabilities at fair value, which requires extensive use of accounting estimates and judgement. While significant components of fair value measurement were determined using verifiable objective evidence, the amount of changes in fair value would differ if the Group and the Company uses different valuation methodologies. Any changes in fair value of these assets and liabilities would affect profit and equity.

16.3.25.4 Depreciation of investment properties, property, plant and equipment

The cost of an item of investment properties, property, plant and equipment is depreciated on the straight-line method or another systematic method that reflects the consumption of the economic benefits of the asset over its useful life. Estimates are applied in the selection of the depreciation method, the useful lives and the residual values. The actual consumption of the economic benefits of the investment properties, property, plant and equipment may differ from the estimates applied and this may lead to a gain or loss on an eventual disposal of an item of investment properties, property, plant and equipment.

#### 16.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

16.3.25 Accounting estimation and judgements (Cont'd)

#### 16.3.25.5 Amortisation of intangible assets

The cost of intangibles are amortised on straight line basis over their useful lives. Management estimates the useful lives of the intangible assets as stated in Note 16.3.6. These are common life expectancies applied in the industries. Change in the expected level of usage and technological developments could impact the economic useful lives and the residual values of these intangibles, therefore future amortisation charges could be revised.

#### 16.3.25.6 Extension options for leases

When the Group and the Company has the option to extend a lease, management uses its judgement to determine whether or not option would be reasonably certain to be exercised. Management considers all facts and circumstances including their past practice and any cost that will be incurred to change the asset if an option to extend is not taken, in determining the lease term.

# 16.3.25.7 Impairment of financial assets

The Group and the Company uses an allowance matrix to measure Expected Credit Losses (ECL) of trade receivables. Loss rates are calculated using "roll rate" method based on probability of a receivables progressing through successive stages of delinquency to 11 months past due and supportable forward-looking information. If the expectation is different from the estimation, such difference will impact the carrying value of trade receivables. The carrying amounts of trade receivables as at the reporting date are disclosed in Note 16.11 to the financial statements.

#### 16.3.25.8 Fair value of ISU Funds

The Company carries its ISU funds at fair value, with changes in fair values being recognised in profit or loss. In accordance with the terms and conditions of the Scheme, the Company is obligated to pay an annual fixed interest return of 8% from year 1 to year 9 as per Management Agreement and is required to refund to the ISU holders the Interest Value upon the maturity date.

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# 16. NOTES TO THE STATEMENTS OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONT'D)

# 16.3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

16.3.25 Accounting estimation and judgements (Cont'd)

16.3.25.8 Fair value of ISU Funds (Cont'd)

The fair value of the ISU funds has been determined by the Directors using discounted cash flows analysis of the underlying Scheme obligations, based on significant assumptions as disclosed in Note 16.17 to the Report. Where actual results differ from original projections, the differences may impact the carrying amount of the ISU funds.

16. NOTES TO THE STATEMENTS OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONT'D)

16.4 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	1 1						
eroup	Leasenoid	Leasenoid	Outlet	Laundry		Motor	
	land	building	equipment	equipment	Renovation	vehicle	Total
	NY.	KIN	MIN.	NY.	KINI	ZIN	Z W
Cost or valuation:	>		At cost			<	
As at 1 MARCH 2019	375,000	875,000	68,375	5,655,090	882,680	î	7,856,145
Additions	1		242,138	3,599,800	2,844,262	4,800	6,691,000
Disposals	1	ı	1)	(6,500)	Ĕ	Ĩ.	(6,500)
Transfer to investment property	(375,000)	(875,000)		I	1	Ĩ	(1,250,000)
As at 29 FEBRUARY 2020	3	2	310,513	9,248,390	3,726,942	4,800	13,290,645
Accumulated depreciation and impairment loss:	airment loss:						
As at 1 MARCH 2019	t	ŗ	5,580	841,205	67,202	Ĭ	913,987
Depreciation charge for the year	1	1	20,702	778,621	256,264	800	1,056,387
Disposals	1	Ţ	1	(325)	1	1	(325)
As at 29 FEBRUARY 2020	ı	ľ	26,282	1,619,501	323,466	800	1,970,049
Net carrying amount:	8						
As at 29 FEBRUARY 2020	X	1	284,231	7,628,889	3,403,476	4,000	11,320,596

Company No. 201501011755 (1137090-D)

16. NOTES TO THE STATEMENTS OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONT'D)

16.4 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONT'D)

Company	Leasehold	Leasehold building	Outlet equipment	Laundry equipment	Renovation	Motor	Total
	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM
Cost or valuation:	>		At cost			<	
As at 1 MARCH 2019	375,000	875,000	66,775	5,260,100	800,000	j	7,376,875
Additions	1		242,138	3,599,800	2,844,262	4,800	6,691,000
Disposals		1	IX	(6,500)	ı	1.	(6,500)
Transfer to investment property	(375,000)	(875,000)	•	1	1	i	(1,250,000)
As at 29 FEBRUARY 2020		1	308,913	8,853,400	3,644,262	4,800	12,811,375
Accumulated depreciation and impairment loss:	irment loss:						
As at 1 MARCH 2019	Ľ,	ı	5,260	763,074	50,666	ĩ	819,000
Depreciation charge for the year	1	•	20,542	739,122	247,996	800	1,008,460
Disposals		: <b>1</b> :	1	(325)	1	1	(325)
As at 29 FEBRUARY 2020	1	ı	25,802	1,501,871	298,662	800	1,827,135
Net carrying amount:							
AS at 29 PEBRUARY 2020	ı	Ĭ	283,111	7,351,529	3,345,600	4,000	10 984 240

16.5 RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

Group	Laundry equipment	Machineries	Retail outlet	Total
Cost:	RM	RM	RM	RM
As at 1 MARCH 2019 Additions	1,755,000	175,934 3,762,623	175,934 10,123,526 12,054,460 762,623 7,426,486 11,189,109	12,054,460 11,189,109
Disposals As at 29 FEBRUARY 2020	1,755,000	.755,000 3,938,557 17,550,012 23,243,569	- 17,550,012	23,243,569

# Accumulated depreciation and impairment loss:

As at 1 MARCH 2019	204,692	55,143	1,416,095	1,675,930
Depreciation charge for the year	175,500	384,382	2,308,746	2,868,628
Impairment loss for the year	Ĩ	1	Ĭ	ī
Reversal of impairment loss	1	1	1	1
Disposals	ř			T
As at 29 FEBRUARY 2020	380,192	439,525	3,724,841	4,544,558
Net carrying amounts:				
As at 29 FEBRUARY 2020	1,374,808		3,499,032 13,825,171 18,699,011	18,699,011

16.5 RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (CONT'D)

Company	Laundry equipment	Machineries	Retail outlet	Total
Cost:	RM	RM	M M	RM
As at 1 MARCH 2019 Additions	1,755,000	175,934 3,762,623	9,886,321 7,426,486	11,817,255 11,189,109
As at 29 FEBRUARY 2020	1,755,000	3,938,557	17,312,807	23,006,364
Accumulated depreciation and impairment loss:				
As at 1 MARCH 2019 Depreciation charge for the year	204,692	55,143 384,382	1,321,863 2,269,753	1,581,698 2,829,635

As at 1 MARCH 2019	204,692	55,143	1,321,863	1,581,698
Depreciation charge for the year	175,500	384,382	2,269,753	2,829,635
Impairment loss for the year	Ĭ	1	Ĩ	
Reversal of impairment loss	Ĩ	3	Î	1
Disposals	i	ι	Î	ľ
As at 29 FEBRUARY 2020	380,192	439,525	3,591,616	4,411,333
Net carrying amounts: As at 29 FEBRUARY 2020	1,374,808	3,499,032	1,374,808 3,499,032 13,721,191 18,595,031	18,595,031

### 16.6 **INVESTMENT PROPERTY**

Group / Company	Leasehold land RM	Leasehold building RM	Total RM
Cost			
As at 1 MARCH 2019	:5	ie.	<u> 2</u> 0
Additions	(#)	() <del>**</del>	<del>-</del> 0
Disposals	( <u>a</u>	02	
Transfer from property, plant and equipment	375,000	875,000	1,250,000
As at 29 FEBRUARY 2020	375,000	875,000	1,250,000
Accumulated depreciation and impairment lo	oss:		
As at 1 MARCH 2019	. <del></del>	11 <del>78</del>	¥
Depreciation charge for the year	5,198	20,417	25,615
Disposals	4	1/2	H1
As at 29 FEBRUARY 2020	5,198	20,417	25,615
Net carrying amount: As at 29 FEBRUARY 2020	369,802	854,583	1,224,385

- 16.6.1 The leasehold land and buildings with a carrying amount of RM1,224,385 are pledged as security to financial institution for banking facilities granted to the Group and the Company.
- 16.6.2 The Company leases out its properties under non-cancellable operating lease arrangements. These leases run typically for a period of 2 years, with the option to renew. Subsequent renewals are negotiated with the lessee and renewal periods is 1 year. None of the leases include contingents rentals.

	Group/
	Company
	RM
Rental income	56,100
Direct operating expenses	(10,156)

16.6.3 The future undiscounted lease payments receivable after the reporting date are as follows:

Group/
Company
RM
61,200
5,100
66,300

### 16.7 **INTANGIBLE ASSETS**

Group	Brand name RM	Total RM
As at 1 MARCH 2019	259,775	259,775
Additions	773,325	773,325
Disposals	770,020	770,020
As at 29 FEBRUARY 2020	1,033,100	1,033,100
AS at 29 FEDRUART 2020	1,033,100	1,033,100
Accumulated amortisation and impairment loss:		
As at 1 MARCH 2019	26,463	26,463
Amortisation charge for the year	74,670	74,670
Impairment loss for the year	* •	: ·
Reversal of impairment loss		_
Disposals	9 <del>5.</del>	- T
As at 29 FEBRUARY 2020	101,133	101,133
Net carrying amounts:		
As at 29 FEBRUARY 2020	931,967	931,967
713 dt 23 i LD1(0) ii ( i 2020	001,001	001,001
7.6 at 25 i EBI(6/1(1 2020		001,007
Company	Brand name	Total
	p <del>lease and the second and the secon</del>	
	Brand name	Total
Company	Brand name RM 230,095	Total RM
Company  As at 1 MARCH 2019  Additions	Brand name RM	Total RM 230,095
Company As at 1 MARCH 2019	Brand name RM 230,095	Total RM 230,095
Company  As at 1 MARCH 2019  Additions  Disposals	Brand name RM 230,095 773,325	<b>Total RM</b> 230,095 773,325
Company  As at 1 MARCH 2019 Additions Disposals As at 29 FEBRUARY 2020	Brand name RM 230,095 773,325	<b>Total RM</b> 230,095 773,325
Company  As at 1 MARCH 2019  Additions  Disposals	Brand name RM 230,095 773,325	<b>Total RM</b> 230,095 773,325
Company  As at 1 MARCH 2019    Additions    Disposals As at 29 FEBRUARY 2020  Accumulated amortisation and impairment loss: As at 1 MARCH 2019	Brand name RM 230,095 773,325 - 1,003,420	Total RM 230,095 773,325 - 1,003,420
Company  As at 1 MARCH 2019 Additions Disposals As at 29 FEBRUARY 2020  Accumulated amortisation and impairment loss:	Brand name RM 230,095 773,325 - 1,003,420	Total RM 230,095 773,325 - 1,003,420
Company  As at 1 MARCH 2019    Additions    Disposals As at 29 FEBRUARY 2020  Accumulated amortisation and impairment loss: As at 1 MARCH 2019    Amortisation charge for the year	Brand name RM 230,095 773,325 - 1,003,420	Total RM 230,095 773,325 - 1,003,420
Company  As at 1 MARCH 2019    Additions    Disposals As at 29 FEBRUARY 2020  Accumulated amortisation and impairment loss: As at 1 MARCH 2019    Amortisation charge for the year    Disposals	Brand name RM 230,095 773,325 - 1,003,420 14,591 68,734	Total RM 230,095 773,325 - 1,003,420 14,591 68,734
Company  As at 1 MARCH 2019    Additions    Disposals As at 29 FEBRUARY 2020  Accumulated amortisation and impairment loss: As at 1 MARCH 2019    Amortisation charge for the year    Disposals As at 29 FEBRUARY 2020	Brand name RM 230,095 773,325 - 1,003,420 14,591 68,734	Total RM 230,095 773,325 - 1,003,420 14,591 68,734
Company  As at 1 MARCH 2019    Additions    Disposals As at 29 FEBRUARY 2020  Accumulated amortisation and impairment loss: As at 1 MARCH 2019    Amortisation charge for the year    Disposals	Brand name RM 230,095 773,325 - 1,003,420 14,591 68,734	Total RM 230,095 773,325 - 1,003,420 14,591 68,734

### 16.8 INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARY COMPANY

16.8.1 Investment in subsidiary company:-

Unquoted shares, at cost Less: Accumulates impairment loss	<b>Company</b> RM 290,850
As at 1 MARCH	-
Impairment loss for the year	_
Disposal of subsidiary company	-
As at 29 FEBRUARY	<u> </u>
	290,850

16.8.2 The subsidiary companies and shareholdings therein are as follows:-

Name of	Country of	Equity interest	
company	incorporation	(%)	Principal activities
City Coin	Malaysia	58%	24 hours self-service
Wajeeha	<del>a</del> .		laundry
Sdn Bhd			and the state of t

<sup>\*</sup> Audited by other firms other than SY LEE & CO.

16.8.3 The amount owing by subsidiary company represents unsecured, non-interest bearing and is repayable upon demand.

### 16.9 FINANCE LEASE RECEIVABLES

	Company
	RM
Current	42,997
Non-current	76,604
	119,601

The Company has entered into lease arrangement as a lessor that are considered to be finance leases. The Company leases retail outlet and as they transfer substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the assets they are classified as finance leases.

### 16.9 FINANCE LEASE RECEIVABLES (CONT'D)

The future undiscounted lease payments receivable after the reporting date are as follows:

	<b>Company</b> RM
Within 1 year	48,000
In the second year	48,000
In the third year	32,000
Total undiscounted lease receivables	128,000
Unearned interest income	(8,399)
Net investment in lease	119,601

### 16.10 **INVENTORIES**

	Group/ Company RM
Measured at lower of cost and net realisable value:	
Consumables	286,660
Inventories recognised as cost of sales	756,160

### 16.11 TRADE RECEIVABLES

	Group/ Company RM
Third parties	950
Amount owing by directors' related company	46,349
Less: Allowance for impairment	-
Trade receivables, net	47,299

### 16.11.1 Trade receivables

The Group and the Company's normal trade credit terms range is 30 days. Other credit terms are assessed and approved on a case by case basis. They are recognised at their original invoice amounts which represent their fair values on initial recognition.

### 16.11 TRADE RECEIVABLES (CONT'D)

### 16.11.2 Amount owing by directors' related company

The amount owing by directors' related company is trade in nature. The Group's and the Company's normal trade credit term range is 30 days. Other credit terms are assessed and approved on a case-to-case basis. They are recognised at their original invoice amounts which request their fair values on initial recognition.

The ageing of trade receivables at the reporting date is:

Neither past due nor impaired	Group/ Company RM 17,283
Past due but not impaired 1 – 30 days past due not impaired 31 – 120 days past due not impaired More than 121 days past due not impaired	15,793 14,223
Past due and impaired	30,016 - 47,299

### Trade receivables that are neither past due nor impaired

Trade receivables that are neither past due nor impaired are creditworthy debtors with good payment records with the Group and the Company. The credit period is generally for a period from 30 days. Other credit terms are assessed and approved on a case-by-case basis.

### Trade receivables that are past due but not impaired

The Group and the Company has trade receivables amounting to RM30,016 that are past due at the reporting date but not impaired and unsecure in nature.

The directors are in opinion that these balances are expected to be recovered.

### 16.12 OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Group	Company RM
	RM	
Third parties	97,389	97,389
Amount owing by directors'		
related companies	6,175	6,175
Deposits	1,516,236	1,502,956
Prepayments	396,927	396,927
	2,016,727	2,003,447

### 16.12 OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONT'D)

### 16.12.1 Non-trade debtors

Non-trade debtors are non-interest bearing. Non-trade debtors are normally collected on an average term of 30 days.

### 16.12.1 Amount owing by directors' related companies

The amount owing by directors' related companies is non-trade in nature. The Group's and the Company's normally settled on an average term of 30 days.

### 16.13 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	Group	Company
	RM	RM
Cash in hand	113,145	112,268
Cash at banks	431,584	425,614
Cash and cash equivalents	544,729	537,882

### 16.14 SHARE CAPITAL

	Number of shares	Amount
	RM	RM
Ordinary shares		
Issued and fully paid		
As at 1 MARCH	5,000,000	5,000,000
As at 29 FEBRUARY	5,000,000	5,000,000

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as and when declared by the Company. All ordinary shares carry one vote per share without restrictions and rank equally with regard to the Company residual assets.

### 16.15 BANK BORROWINGS

	Group/ Company RM
Long term borrowings:	
Secured	
- Term loan	986,801
Total borrowings	
Less: current portion of long term borrowings	
- Term loan	(33,785)
	953,016

### 16.15 BANK BORROWINGS (CONT'D)

	Group/ Company RM
Short term borrowings:	
Secured - Term loan	953,016
- Term toan	953,016
Maturity of borrowings: Repayable within twelve months	33,785
Repayable after twelve months	953,016
	986,801

Banking facilities are secured on the following:-

(a) A facility agreement;

- (b) Subsidiary instrument, where security is taken over property without individual title;
- (c) Corporate guarantee by City Coin Laundry Sdn Bhd; and
- (d) Jointly and severally guaranteed by certain directors.

Term loans are charged at rate of 2.2% per annum below the respective bank's base lending rate.

### 16.16 HIRE PURCHASE AND LEASE LIABILITIES

	Group/ Company RM
Secured:	
Current	500.040
Hire purchase with financial institution	522,843
Lease liabilities	3,374,909
	3,897,752
Non-current	
Hire purchase with financial institution	143,432
Lease liabilities	14,620,688
	14,764,120
Total hire purchase and lease liabilities	18,661,872
Total fille purchase and lease liabilities	10,001,072

These obligations are secured by a charge over the leased assets (Note 16.5). The average discount rate implicit in the hire purchase and lease liabilities is approximately 7.15% and 5.00% - 10.00% per annum.

### 16.16 HIRE PURCHASE AND LEASE LIABILITIES (CONT'D)

### 16.16.1 Lease commitments

The Group and the Company has finance leases for all right-of-use assets.

Future minimum lease payments under finance leases together with the present value of the minimum lease payments are as follows:

	Group/ Company RM
Minimum lease payments:	
- Not later than 1 year	4,915,884
<ul> <li>Later than 1 year but not later than 5 years</li> </ul>	15,829,949
- Later than 5 years	817,200
Total minimum lease payment	21,563,033
Less: Amounts representing finance charges	(2,901,161)
Present value of minimum lease payments	18,661,872
Present value of payments: - Not later than 1 year - Later than 1 year but not later than 5 years - Later than 5 years	3,897,752 13,963,063 801,057
Present value of minimum lease payments	18,661,872
Less: Amount due within 12 months	(3,897,752)
Amount due after 12 months	14,764,120

16.16.2 The Group and the Company has elected not to recognise a lease liability for certain short-term leases (leases of expected term of 12 months or less) or for certain leases of low value assets. Payments made under such leases are expensed on a straight-line basis.

The expense relating to payments not included in the measurement of the lease liability is as follows:

	Group/
	Company
	RM
Short-term leases:-	
- Rental of retail outlet	4,000
	4,000

### 16.16 HIRE PURCHASE AND LEASE LIABILITIES (CONT'D)

### 16.16.3 Total cash outflows for leases

	Note	Group/ Company RM
Included in net cash from operating activities:	Note	KIVI
Payment relating to short-term leases	16.16.2	4,000
Included in net cash from financing activities:		
Payment of lease liabilities Interest paid in relation to lease		2,802,964
liabilities		851,896
		3,654,860

16.16.4 At 29 FEBRUARY 2020, the Group and the Company had committed to lease which has not commenced. The total future cash outflow for lease that has not yet commenced were as follows:

	Group/
	Company
	RM
Rental of retail outlet	766,800
	766,800

### 16.17 FUND OF INTEREST SCHEME UNITS (ISU)

	Group/ Company RM
Fund of interest scheme units (ISU)	
Current	4,708
Non-current	335,000
	339,708

Interest Scheme Units (ISU Fund) is an unit of the 'Laundrybar Investment Scheme' ('the scheme') offered for sales to the public as referred to in Note 16.1.2 to the financial statements.

ISU Fund represents the amount received from investors under the Scheme for which the Company is obligated to pay an annual fixed interest return of 8% from year 1 to year 9. In addition, the Company has certain obligations to meet repurchase requests from the investors and upon expiry of the Scheme to redeem the ISU from the investors.

### 16.17 FUND OF INTEREST SCHEME UNITS (ISU) (CONT'D)

The fair value of the ISU Fund is determined using the discounted cash flows method, and is derived from the present value of the future cash flows resulting from the obligations under the Scheme, computed based on the projections prepared by the management. The key assumptions used in the determination of the fair value is based on annual fixed interest payment of 8% for year 1 to year 9.

### 16.18 TRADE PAYABLES

	Group	Company
	RM	RM
Third parties	3,150	3,150
Amount owing to holding company	10,570	
Amount owing to directors'		
related company	1,056	1,056
	14,776	4,206

### 16.18.1 Third parties

These amounts are non-interest bearing. The Group's and the Company's normal credit terms range 30 days.

### 16.18.2 Amount owing to directors' related company

The amount owing to directors' related company is trade in nature. The Group's and the Company's normal credit terms range 30 days.

### 16.19 OTHER PAYABLES

	Group	Company
	RM	RM
Other creditors	32,246	25,003
Deposits payable	29,200	29,200
Accruals	91,913	88,513
Advance received	1,700	1,700
	155,059	144,416

### 16.19.1 Non-trade creditors

Non-trade creditors are non-interest bearing. Non-trade creditors are normally settled on an average term of 30 days.

### 16.19 OTHER PAYABLES (CONT'D)

16.19.2 Amount owing to directors' related companies

These amounts owing to directors' related companies is non-trade in nature. The Group's and the Company's is normally settled on an average term of 30 days.

### 16.20 AMOUNT OWING TO DIRECTORS

This represents unsecured, non-interest bearing and is repayable upon demand.

### 16.21 AMOUNT OWING TO HOLDING COMPANY

The holding company is CITY COIN LAUNDRY SDN BHD (Company No: 201001026419 (910338-D)), a company incorporated in Malaysia.

This represents unsecured, non-interest bearing and is repayable upon demand.

### 16.22 RELATED PARTIES

### 16.22.1 Identity of related parties

For the purposes of these financial statements, parties are considered to be related to the Group and the Company if the Group and the Company has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control or jointly control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operating decisions, or vice versa, or where the Group and the Company and the party are subject to common control. Related parties may be individuals or other entities.

Related parties also include key management personnel defined as those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group and the Company either directly or indirectly. Key management personnel include all the Directors of the Group and the Company, and certain members of senior management of the Group and the Company.

The Group and the Company has related party relationship with its holding company, subsidiary company, directors' related companies and key management personnel.

### 16.22 RELATED PARTIES (CONT'D)

### 16.22.2 Significant related party transactions

	Group RM	Company RM
With holding company Purchases** Purchase of property, plant and equipment** Acquisition of intangible asset** Hire purchase and lease liabilities interest** Token** Management fee** Other administrative expenses**	930,966 6,642,648 773,325 205,929 183,900 408,942 78,844	915,000 6,642,648 773,325 205,929 182,000 408,942 71,884
With subsidiary company Management fee** Consultant fee** Finance lease interest income**	-	(12,000) (26,400) (7,067)
Entities control by key management Directors Sale of plant and equipment** Management fee** Hire purchase and lease liabilities interest** Other administrative expenses**	(6,175) (50,918) 7,340 37,659	(6,175) (50,918) 7,340 37,659
With company related to directors:-		Group/ Company RM
Advances to its directors' related company Repayment from its directors' related company	_	165,018 (494,161)
Advances from its directors' related company Repayment to its directors' related company	_	46,705 (1,254,658)
With directors of the Company Repayment to directors of the Company	_	(12,000)
With holding company		Company
With holding company Advances from its holding company Repayment to its holding company	_	16,207,286 (8,018,670)

### 16.22 RELATED PARTIES (CONT'D)

### 16.22.2 Significant related party transactions (Cont'd)

\*\*The directors are of the opinion that all the transactions above have been entered into the normal course of business and have been established on terms and conditions that are not materially different from those obtainable in transactions with unrelated parties.

### 16.22.3 Compensation of key management personnel

	<b>Group</b> RM
With directors Short-term employee benefits	21,600

### 16.23 CAPITAL COMMITMENT

At the end of the year, the Group and the Company has made commitments for the following capital expenditure:

	Group/ Company
Acquisition and expansion of plant and equipment	RM 643,790
Total capital commitments	643,790
Capital expenditure approved by the directors - Contracted for	643,790
Total capital expenditure approved	643,790

### 16.24 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's and the Company's financial risk management is to ensure that adequate financial resources are available for the development of the Group's and the Company's operations whilst managing its financial risks, including credit risk, liquidity and cash flow risk and interest rate risk.

Matters pertaining to risk management strategies and execution require the decision and approval of the Board of Directors.

The following sections provide details regarding the Group's and the Company's exposure to the above-mentioned financial risks and the objectives, policies and processes for the management of these risks.

### 16.24 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

### 16.24.1 Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that counterparty will default on its contractual obligations, thereby resulting in financial loss to the Group and the Company. For trade receivables, the Group and the Company manages its credit risk through the credit approvals, credit limits and monitoring procedures. Where appropriate, the Group and the Company obtains advance payments from customers of lower credit standing.

For other financial assets, the Group and the Company adopts the policy of dealing with high credit quality counterparties.

As at the reporting date, the Group and the Company has no significant concentration of credit risk.

The maximum exposure to credit risk for each class of financial instruments is the carrying amount of that class of financial instruments presented on the statement of financial position which comprise mainly trade and other receivables and cash and bank deposits.

### Trade receivables

The Group and the Company uses an allowance matrix to measure Expected Credit Losses (ECL) of trade receivables. Loss rate are calculated using "roll rate" method based on probability of a receivables progressing through successive stages of delinquency to 11 months past due.

Loss rate are based on actual credit losses experience over the past three years. The historical loss rates are adjusted to reflect current and forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors affecting the ability of the customers to settle their debts.

Trade receivables are write off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery.

No expected credit loss is recognised from trade receivables as it is negligible.

### Other receivables

Impairment of other receivables is recognised based on general approach with MFRS 9 using the forward looking expected credit loss model. The methodology used to determine the amount of impairment is based on whether has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition of financial assets.

### 16.24 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

### 16.24.1 Credit risk (Cont'd)

For those in which the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition of the financial asset, twelve month expected credit losses along with gross interest income are recognised. For those in which the credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime expected credit losses along with gross interest income are recognised.

The Group and the Company determines the probability of default for amount due from related companies and related parties individually using internal information. No loss allowance has been recognised for amount due from related parties as the Group and the Company consider them low credit risks.

Credit risks on other receivables are mainly arising from deposits paid for office buildings, hostel and fixtures rented. These deposits will be received at the end of each lease terms. The Group and the Company manages the credit risk together with the leasing arrangement.

As at the end of the reporting period, the maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by their carrying amounts in the statement of financial position.

As at the end of the reporting period, the Group and the Company did not recognised any allowance for impairment losses.

### Cash and bank balances

Cash and bank balances have low credit risk as they are placed with reputable financial institutions with strong credit rating and has no history of default. Consequently, the Directors are of the opinion that loss allowance is insignificant.

### 16.24.2 Liquidity and cash flow risk

The Group and the Company practice prudent liquidity risk management to minimise the mismatch of financial assets and liabilities and to maintain sufficient credit facilities to meet its working capital requirement.

In addition, the Group's and the Company's objective is to maintain a balance of funding and flexibility through the use of credit facilities, short and long term borrowings and a flexible cost effective borrowing structure. Short-term flexibility is achieved through credit facilities and short-term borrowings. This is to ensure that at the minimum, all projected net borrowing needs are covered by committed facilities. Also, the objective for debt maturity is to ensure that the amount of debt maturing in any one year is not beyond the Group's and the Company's means to repay and refinance.

### 16.24 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

16.24.2 Liquidity and cash flow risk (Cont'd)

### Analysis of financial instruments by remaining contractual maturities

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group's and the Company's liabilities at the reporting date based on contractual undiscounted repayment obligations.

Group	On demand or within one year RM	One to five year RM	Total RM
Trade payables Other payables Amount owing to directors	14,776 155,059 152,718	-	14,776 155,059 152,718
Amount owing to holding company Hire purchase and lease	10,609,356	-	10,609,356
liabilities Bank borrowings	4,915,884 34,260	16,647,149 1,604,510	21,563,033 1,638,770
Fund of Interest Scheme Units (ISU)	31,876	107,395	139,271
Total undiscounted financial liabilities	15,913,929	18,359,054	34,272,983
Company	On demand	Onoto	
Company	On demand or within one year RM	One to five year RM	Total RM
Trade payables	or within one year RM 4,206	five year	RM 4,206
Trade payables Other payables Amount owing to directors	or within one year RM	five year	RM
Trade payables Other payables Amount owing to directors Amount owing to holding company	or within one year RM 4,206 144,416	five year	RM 4,206 144,416
Trade payables Other payables Amount owing to directors Amount owing to holding company Hire purchase and lease liabilities	or within one year RM 4,206 144,416 152,718 10,609,356 4,915,884	five year RM - - - - 16,647,149	RM 4,206 144,416 152,718 10,609,356 21,563,033
Trade payables Other payables Amount owing to directors Amount owing to holding company Hire purchase and lease liabilities Bank borrowings Fund of Interest Scheme	or within one year RM 4,206 144,416 152,718 10,609,356 4,915,884 34,260	five year RM - - - - 16,647,149 1,604,510	RM 4,206 144,416 152,718 10,609,356 21,563,033 1,638,770
Trade payables Other payables Amount owing to directors Amount owing to holding company Hire purchase and lease liabilities Bank borrowings	or within one year RM 4,206 144,416 152,718 10,609,356 4,915,884	five year RM - - - - 16,647,149	RM 4,206 144,416 152,718 10,609,356 21,563,033

### 16.24 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

### 16.24.3 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the in market interest rates. Interest rate exposure arises from the Group's and the Company's financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group's and the Company's income and operating cash flows are not substantially dependent of changes in market interest rates. Interest rate exposure arises from the Group's and the Company's borrowings and deposits. The Group's and the Company's interest bearing deposits are subject to interest based on fixed rates while borrowings is subject to interest based on floating rates.

The Group and the Company manages the net exposure to interest rate risks by maintaining sufficient lines of credit to obtain acceptable lending costs and by monitoring the exposure to such risks on an ongoing basis. As at 29 FEBRUARY 2020, the Group and the Company has not entered in to any hedging instruments arrangement as the cost of such instruments outweighs the potential risk of interest rate fluctuation.

The interest rate profile of the Group and the Company's significant interest-bearing financial instruments, based on carrying amounts as the end of the reporting year was:-

Group/ Company RM
666,275

986,801

Fixed rate instruments
Financial liabilities

Hire purchase

Floating rate instruments
Financial liabilities

Bank borrowings

Sensitivity analysis for interest rate risk

### 16.24.3.1 Sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

As the fixed rate financial assets and liabilities are not account for at fair value through profit or loss and therefore a change in interest rates at the end of the reporting year would not affect the profit or loss.

### 16.24 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

16.24.3 Interest rate risk (Cont'd)

### 16.24.3.2 Sensitivity analysis for floating rate instruments

At the end of the financial year, if interest rate increase/(decrease) by 1% with all other variables held constant, the Group's and the Company's profit net of tax will be lower/higher by approximately RM9,868. The assumed movement in interest rates for interest rate sensitivity analysis is based on the current observable market environment.

### 16.24.4 Fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities

The carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities are reasonable approximation their fair values, are detailed in the following table:-

	<b>Group</b> RM	Company RM
Financial assets:		
- Trade receivables	47,299	47,299
- Other receivables	1,619,800	1,606,520
- Finance lease receivables	20	119,601
- Amount owing by subsidiary company	<b>3</b>	37,100
- Cash and bank balances	544,729	537,882
	2,211,828	2,348,402
Financial liabilities:		
- Trade payables	14,776	4,206
- Other payables	155,059	144,416
- Amount owing to directors	152,718	152,718
- Amount owing to holding company	10,609,356	10,609,356
- Bank borrowings	986,801	986,801
- Hire purchase and lease liabilities	18,661,872	18,661,872
- Fund of Interest Scheme Units (ISU)	339,708	339,708
a y consistent state - indicate contract and	30,920,290	30,899,077

### 16.25 CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Management's objective is to ensure that the Group and the Company remain as going concern as well as to maintain optimal return to shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders. Management also aims to manage capital structures that ensure the lowest cost of capital to the Group and the Company. The Group's and the Company's capital structure is monitored on a going concern basis by the directors and is periodically review by the Board. The Group and the Company has no externally imposed capital requirements. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes since the incorporation.

The Group and the Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. Net debt comprise of net current liabilities and long term liabilities less cash and cash equivalents. Capital comprise of total equity and net debts.

The gearing ratio of the Group and the Company is as follows:-

	Group RM	Company RM
Trade payables	14,776	4,206
Other payables	155,059	144,416
Amount owing to directors	152,718	152,718
Amount owing to holding company	10,609,356	10,609,356
Bank borrowings	986,801	986,801
Hire purchase and lease liabilities	18,661,872	18,661,872
Fund of Interest Scheme Units (ISU)	339,708	339,708
	30,920,290	30,899,077
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	(544,729)	(537,882)
Net debt (A)	30,375,561	30,361,195
Total equity	4,218,769	4,215,198
Capital and net debt (B)	34,594,330	34,576,393_
Debt to equity ratio (A) / (B)	0.878	0.878

### 16.26 PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENT

The prior year adjustment represents the effect of reversal of expenses to prepayment, non-controlling interest undertaken up in Group's book and reclassification of intangible assets to property, plant and equipment in Group's and Company's book in prior period. The effect arising from this fundamental error in accounting has been accounted retrospectively. This fundamental error has resulted in increase in the Group's accumulated losses by RM44,711.

## 16.27 EXPLANATION OF TRANSITION TO THE MFRS AND COMPARATIVE FIGURES

As stated in Note 16.2.1, these are the first financial statements of the Group and the Company prepared in accordance with MFRS. The date of transition to the new MFRS framework is 1 JULY 2018.

Adoption of the new MFRS Framework requires that all the Standards in MFRS be applied to the Group and the Company financial statements for the current year ended 29 FEBRUARY 2020, the comparative financial statements for the prior period ended 28 FEBRUARY 2019, and to the opening statement of financial position at the date of transition to MFRS.

The following comparative figures of the Group and Company have been restated to reflect the transition to MFRS and prior year adjustments as mentioned under Note 16.26:-

Group	As previously stated RM	Prior year adjustments RM	Effect of transition to MFRS RM	As restated RM
Group				
28.2.2019				
Statement of financial position				
(extract)				Tarvier IV.   Design
Property, plant and equipment	8,445,703	46,763	(1,550,308)	6,942,158
Right-of-use assets		policio foncio de la Discono constan	10,378,530	10,378,530
Intangible assets	280,075	(46,763)	12	233,312
Other receivables	1,229,929	47,711	). <del>=</del>	1,277,640
Hire purchase and lease liabilities	(1,173,856)	<b>2</b> 0	(9,101,871)	(10,275,727)
Non-controlling interest	(148,679)	(3,000)	1,023	(150,656)
Accumulated losses brought forward	983,721	(44,711)	272,626	1,211,636
Statement of comprehensive				
income (extract)	12.22	(0.000)		44.074
Amortisation of intangible assets	17,023	(2,352)	-	14,671
Depreciation of property, plant and	100 101	0.050	(400,000)	004.054
equipment	408,194	2,352	(106,292)	304,254
Depreciation of right-of-use assets		-	877,671	877,671
Hire purchase and lease liabilities	50,000		240 204	262.057
interest	52,666	(47.744)	210,391	263,057
Management fee	193,445	(47,711)	(800 F70)	145,734
Rental expenses	901,190		(823,570)	77,620
Hiring of machinery	80,000		(40,000)	40,000

# 16.27 EXPLANATION OF TRANSITION TO THE MFRS AND COMPARATIVE FIGURES (CONT'D)

	As previously	Prior year	Effect of transition	As
	stated	adjustments	to MFRS	restated
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Statement of cash flows (extract)				
Loss before taxation	(494,603)	47,711	(118,200)	(565,092)
Amortisation of intangible assets	17,023	(2,352)	-	14,671
Depreciation of property, plant and			(100.000)	004.054
equipment	408,194	2,352	(106,292)	304,254
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	- (775 E27)	- 47 711	877,671	877,671 (727,826)
Other receivables	(775,537)	47,711	=	(121,020)
Hire purchase and lease liabilities	52,666	_	210,391	263,057
interest Hire puchase obtained	678,153	2	(678,153)	-
Purchase of intangible assets	(168,000)	30,934	(0.0,100)	(137,066)
Purchase of property, plant and	(100,000)	~ ~ J ~ . ~		X 2 2
equipment	(4,845,170)	(30,934)	771,000	(4,105,104)
Purchase of right-of-use assets	-	=	(92,847)	(92,847)
Repayment of hire purchase and				
lease liabilities	(266,697)	=	(653,179)	(919,876)
Payment of interest expense on				
hire purchase and lease liabilities	(52,666)		(210,391)	(263,057)
1.7.2018				
Statement of financial position (extract)			(000,000)	0.000.005
Property, plant and equipment	4,137,084	18,181	(885,600)	3,269,665
Right-of-use assets	400,000	- (40.404)	4,482,781	4,482,781 110,917
Intangible assets	129,098	(18,181)	(3,752,630)	(4,515,030)
Hire purchase and lease liabilities	(762,400) 43,955	-	1,758	45,713
Non-controlling interest  Accumulated losses brought forward	496,935	(AD	153,691	650,626
Accumulated losses brought forward	100,000	-		
Statement of comprehensive income (extract)				
Amortisation of intangible assets	12,582	(790)	*:	11,792
Depreciation of property, plant and		, ,		
equipment	504,607	790	(98,400)	406,997
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	2	() <b>m</b>	574,165	574,165
Hire purchase and lease liabilities			ggy_bean richarchae-	
interest	24,082	½. <del></del>	150,872	174,954
Rental expenses	703,930	: <del>**</del>	(477,850)	226,080
Hiring of machinery	120,000		(60,000)	60,000

# 16.27 EXPLANATION OF TRANSITION TO THE MFRS AND COMPARATIVE FIGURES (CONT'D)

	As previously stated RM	Prior year adjustments RM	Effect of transition to MFRS RM	As restated RM
Statement of cash flows (extract)				
Loss before taxation	(453,502)	<del>-</del>	(88,787)	(542,289)
Amortisation of intangible assets	12,582	(790)	(#	11,792
Depreciation of property, plant and				
equipment	504,607	790	(98,400)	406,997
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	-		574,165	574,165
Hire purchase and lease liabilities	04.000		450.070	474 OF 4
interest	24,082	-	150,872	174,954
Hire purchase obtained	866,000	10 101	(866,000)	(123,499)
Purchase of intangible assets	(141,680)	18,181	=	(123,499)
Purchase of property, plant and	(3,313,278)	(18,181)	984,000	(2,347,459)
equipment Purchase of right-of-use assets	(3,313,270)	(10,101)	(118,000)	(118,000)
Repayment of hire purchase and			(110,000)	(110,000)
lease liabilities	(103,600)	( <del>=</del> )	(386,978)	(490,578)
Payment of interest expense on	()		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(
hire purchase and lease liabilities	(24,082)	: <b>-</b> :	(150,872)	(174,954)
Company				
28.2.2019				
Statement of financial position				
(extract)				
Property, plant and equipment	8,061,420	46,763	(1,550,308)	6,557,875
Right-of-use assets	=	=	10,235,557	10,235,557
Intangible assets	262,267	(46,763)	-	215,504
Finance lease receivables	-	-	176,434	176,434
Hire purchase and lease liabilities	(1,173,856)	-	(9,101,871)	(10,275,727)
Accumulated losses brought forward	858,242		240,188	1,098,430
State ment of comprehensive				
Statement of comprehensive				
income (extract) Amortisation of intangible assets	13,066	(2,352)	-	10,714
Depreciation of property, plant and	10,000	(2,002)		10,7
equipment	376,243	2,352	(106,292)	272,303
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	5. 222 <b>.</b> 224. 2		851,676	851,676
Hire purchase and lease liabilities				
interest	52,666	₩(	210,391	263,057
Rental expenses	901,190	₩:	(793,470)	107,720
Hiring of machinery	80,000	-	(40,000)	40,000
Finance lease interest income	<del></del>		(5,762)	(5,762)

# 16.27 EXPLANATION OF TRANSITION TO THE MFRS AND COMPARATIVE FIGURES (CONT'D)

	As	Prior	Effect of	
	previously	year	transition	As
	stated	adjustments	to MFRS	restated
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Statement of cash flows (extract)	(105 504)		(440.040)	(500 404)
Loss before taxation	(405,581)	(0.252)	(116,843)	(522,424)
Amortisation of intangible assets	13,066	(2,352)	-	10,714
Depreciation of property, plant and	376,243	2,352	(106,292)	272,303
equipment Depreciation of right-of-use assets	370,243	2,332	851,676	851,676
Finance lease interest income		-	(5,762)	(5,762)
Hire purchase and lease liabilities			(0,1.02)	(-)/
interest	52,666		210,391	263,057
Hire purchase obtained	678,153	-	(678,153)	
Finance lease interest received	-	-	5,762	5,762
Finance lease rental received	S <del>=</del>	58	24,638	24,638
Purchase of intangible assets	(168,000)	30,934	%2r	(137,066)
Purchase of property, plant and				
equipment	(4,838,670)	(30,934)	771,000	(4,098,604)
Purchase of right-of-use assets	(=	-	(92,847)	(92,847)
Repayment of hire purchase and			1 11	(0.10.070)
lease liabilities	(266,697)	-	(653,179)	(919,876)
Payment of interest expense on	(50,000)		(040,004)	(202.057)
hire purchase and lease liabilities	(52,666)	-	(210,391)	(263,057)
47.0040				
1.7.2018				
Statement of financial position				
(extract)	2 727 250	18,181	(885,600)	2,859,931
Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets	3,727,350	10,101	4,313,813	4,313,813
Intangible assets	107,333	(18,181)	-,010,010	89,152
Finance lease receivables	101,000	(10,101)	201,072	201,072
Hire purchase and lease liabilities	(762,400)		(3,752,630)	(4,515,030)
Accumulated losses brought forward	443,157	<b>*</b> )	123,345	566,502
Statement of comprehensive				
income (extract)				
Amortisation of intangible assets	4,667	(790)	-	3,877
Depreciation of property, plant and				
equipment	441,571	790	(98,400)	343,961
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	-	<b>-</b> /	535,172	535,172
Hire purchase and lease liabilities	04.000		450.070	474 OF 4
interest	24,082	<b>2</b> 0	150,872	174,954
Rental expenses	709,930 120,000	#3 	(433,450) (60,000)	276,480 60,000
Hiring of machinery Finance lease interest income	120,000	##0. p=0:	(10,134)	(10,134)
i mande lease interest income			(10,104)	(10,104)

# 16.27 EXPLANATION OF TRANSITION TO THE MFRS AND COMPARATIVE FIGURES (CONT'D)

	As previously stated RM	Prior year adjustments RM	Effect of transition to MFRS RM	As restated RM
Statement of cash flows (extract)			WWW NO DESCRIPTION	
Loss before taxation	(355,724)	: <del>-</del>	(84,060)	(439,784)
Amortisation of intangible assets	4,667	(790)	-	3,877
Depreciation of property, plant and				
equipment	441,571	790	(98,400)	343,961
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	=	-	535,172	535,172
Finance lease interest income	-	=	(10,134)	(10,134)
Hire purchase and lease liabilities				
interest	24,082	-	150,872	174,954
Hire purchase obtained	866,000	=	(866,000)	-
Finance lease interest received	=	π.	10,134	10,134
Finance lease rental received	-	-	34,266	34,266
Purchase of intangible assets	(112,000)	(18,181)	-	(130,181)
Purchase of property, plant and				
equipment	(2,840,508)	18,181	984,000	(1,838,327)
Purchase of right-of-use assets		-	(118,000)	(118,000)
Repayment of hire purchase and				
lease liabilities	(103,600)	-	(386,978)	(490,578)
Payment of interest expense on	1 march 2 marc			
hire purchase and lease liabilities	(24,082)		(150,872)	(174,954)

### 16.28 EVENTS AFTER THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD

On 11 MARCH 2020, the World Health Organisation officially declared the novel coronavirus COVID-19 outbreak a pandemic. A nationwide movement control order ("MCO") was enforced with effect from 18 MARCH 2020 to contain the COVID-19 outbreak, resulting in restrictions to travel and gatherings, and the closure of all business premises except for essential services. This has caused disruptions to the Company business from 18 MARCH 2020 to 12 MAY 2020.

The COVID-19 outbreak and the related impacts are considered as non-adjusting event. As such, the current conditions arising from this outbreak do not have an impact on the Company's financial statements for the financial year ended 29 FEBRUARY 2020. The emergence of the COVID-19 outbreak since early 2020 has brought significant economic uncertainties in Malaysia and markets in which the Company operates.

The Company is closely monitoring the development of the COVID-19 outbreak and will take necessary actions to mitigate any potential impact on the Company's businesses. Due to the evolving situation and the uncertainty of the outcome of the current events, the Company is unable to quantify the impact of COVID-19 on the Company's results for the year ending 28 FEBRUARY 2021.

### 16.29 HOLDING COMPANY

The holding company is CITY COIN LAUNDRY SDN BHD (Company No: 201001026419 (910338-D)), a company incorporated in Malaysia.

### 16.30 CHANGE OF COMPANY NAME

On 23 APRIL 2019, the Company was converted to a public limited company. Accordingly, its name changed from CITY COIN TECHNOLOGY SDN BHD to CITY COIN TECHNOLOGY BERHAD.

SY LEE & CO. Firm Number : AF 1317 Chartered Accountants

KUALA LUMPUR Date:

LEE SWEE YONG

Approval Number: 02111/11/2022 J

**Chartered Accountant** 

### 13. INDEPENDENT CONSULTANT'S REPORT

SEA NQA PLT (Company no. LLP0019788-LGN)
APW Bangsar, 29-07, Jalan Riong, Bangsar 59100 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia



### Management System Certification Audit Summary Report

Organization	City Technology Berhad
Address	13, Jalan Perindustrian Desa Aman 1B,, Industri Desa Aman, 52200 Kuala
	Lumpur, Wilayah Persekutuan Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia
Standard	Owned Policy, Procedure and Work Flow for the Scope defined as below.
Representative	Sandra
Lead Auditor	Mick Ng
Audit Date	21/6/2021
Scope	Operating Self Service Laundry Bar
Audit Objective	<ul> <li>To assess the Quality Management System (QMS) on the</li> </ul>
	Operation Process as per above defined scope
	- To determine the system effectiveness in carry out activities as per
	Scope defined
A 12: AA .1 .1	
Audit Method	Observe, Interview and Record Checking
Limitation	Random Sampling Audit (2-3 sample records taken) to verify the
	implementation and effectiveness of the System
Summary	The audit team concludes that the organization has established and
	maintained its quality management system in line with the requirements
	of the standard and demonstrated the ability of the
	system to systematically achieve agreed requirements for products or
	services within the scope & standard.

### **Audit Summary**

### Overall Quality Management System Effectiveness

- The company has established ISO9001:2015 Quality Management System to ensure the operation carried out meeting International Quality Management System, comply with related local statutory, regulatory and customer's requirement.
- Risk and Opportunity from each process being assessed (latest Risk Assessment review date: 13/01/2021) and managed include identifying suitable area, laundry bar setting up and daily laundry bar operation. Strength, Weakness, Opportunity and Threat (SWOT) study sighted, Interest Parties' Needs and Expectation Study sighted.
- Company's Vision ( Rev0 , Effective Date: 2/1/2019), Mission ( Rev0 , Effective Date: 2/1/2019) and Quality Policy ( Rev0 , Effective Date: 2/1/2019) established to show the commitment on operation excellent, total customer satisfaction, on time customer complaint respond, compliance to statutory, regulatory as well as continual improvement.
- 4. Quality Objectives / Key Performance of 2020/21 ( Rev0 , Effective Date: 2/1/2019) sighted for customer complaint handling.
- 5. Management Action Plan / Program being established (dated 01/06/2021) moving towards the achievement of Quality Objectives and Key Performance Indicator.
- 6. Top Management strongly committed in quality product ( laundry ) and service ( customer complaint and feedback ).

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- Other quality objective e.g. 1) To reduce 30% number of complaint per outlet, 2) 0 delay in project completion (outlet setup / renovation), 3) 0 accident 4) 0 summon from local authority being established and sighted during audit.
- Need to complete the analysis and determine the further action for 'Complaint reply within 3 working days'.
- 9. Analysis and determine the further action for Quality Objective such as 'Complaint reply within 3 working days' carried out and sighted.
- 10. Document in proper control. E.g. Date and revision of the each document being indicated clearly and sighted during audit. Master Copy for all the 1st set Procedure, Control Copy to the subsequent set of document for sharing purposes being carried out and sighted during audit
- 11. Quality Plan to check the quality of each outlet prior opening being established and sighted during audit.

### Operation 1 - Area Investment Selection and Confirmation

- Procedure / Work Flow / SOP established (Rev: 1/2/2020) and maintained to address clearly steps and its important criteria in selecting area of setting up new laundry bar. It includes criteria of confirmation such as availability of selected LOT, population, market potential, local regulation, logistic support from Principal (City Coin Laundry Sdn Bhd) and its return of investment. Activities being carried out by Business Development Unit, lead directly by Managing Director.
- Sampling assessed 2 new outlets (Dengkil and Taman Melawati), evidences sighted the selection and confirmation being carried out as per above procedure.

### Operation 2 - Local Authority Compliance

- 1. Procedure / Work Flow / SOP established (Rev: 1/2/2020) and maintained to address clearly steps and its important criteria in determining local authority requirement such as Business Licensing, Developer and LOT initial Requirement suitability in carrying out Laundry Bar Business Activities. Such join assessment activities being carried out by Compliance Officer with Principal CityCoin Laundry Sdn Bhd's Project Manager. The ultimate objectives to ensure the selected LOT has no implication in applying local authority license and compliance to Developer / LOT initial Requirement in running Laundry Bar Business.
- 2. The Assessment Report will be presented to Managing Director for final approval.
- Sampling assessed 2 new outlets ( Dengkil and Taman Melawati, evidences sighted ( 331201028937 and DBPSB3393552021146) the Local Authority Compliance being carried out as per above procedure.

### Operation 3 - LOT confirmation with LOT's Owner

 Procedure / Work Flow / SOP established (Rev: 1/2/2020) to address clearly steps and its important criteria in communication and confirmation of renting / buying with the LOT Owner. It includes clear communication, consensus obtained, agreement between both parties of such Laundry Bar Business of determined Business Duration. The Assessment Report will be presented to Managing Director for final approval.

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 Sampling assessed 2 new outlets (Dengkil and Taman Melawati), evidences sighted the Local Authority Compliance being carried out as per above procedure. Shop Rental validity period of 1/1/2021-31/12/2023, 1/1/2021-31/12/2023). Corporate Outlet Checklist for Drafting Tenancy Agreement for both outlets sighted.

### Operation 4 - Facilities Setup

Procedure / Work Flow / SOP established (Rev: 1/02/2020) to address clearly steps and its
important criteria in communication and confirmation with Principal on new outlet setting
up. This include a proper handover of new outlet detail such as location, LOT size, constraint,
resource availability ( such as internet, gas, power and water supply ), local authority /
Developer and LOT initial Requirement. Handover carried out through official meeting,
documented in New Laundry Bar Setup Confirmation Appointment Record signed by both
parties City Coin Technology Berhad and City Coin Laundry Sdn Bhd, witnessed by
independent Party.

### Operation 5 - Facilities Acceptance

- Procedure / Work Flow / SOP established (Rev: 1/2/2020) and maintained to address
  clearly steps and its important criteria in accepting complete facilities from Principal City
  Coin Laundry Sdn Bhd. Based on initial Contract Signed, Principal is required to carry out
  commissioning and testing to ensure the outlet is fully functioning prior handover to City
  Coin Technology.
- Outlet Quality Handover Checklist established (Rev: 1/2/2020) to ensure the Outlet and its
  facilities are complete and fully operation prior acceptance. Outlet Quality Handover
  Checklist were communicated and acknowledged by Principal City Coin Laundry Sdn Bhd to
  ensure only one standard of acceptance applied by both parties.
- 3. Non Conformance will be recorded in the Outlet Quality Handover Checklist and Principal is required to take immediate action to rectify the non-conformity. All rectified works will be assessed by the same parties as above to ensure the outlet is fully comply with the Quality Requirement as specified in the Quality Plan.
- 4. Sampling assessed 2 new outlets ( Dengkil and Taman Melawati ), evidences sighted with Meeting Minutes and New Laundry Bar Setup Confirmation Appointment Record. Reno Outlet Checklist (Machine Installation) for both (12-03-2021 and 18-04-2021), Reno Outlet Checklist (Store ) for both ( 15-03-2021 and 20-04-2021), Corporate Outlet Pre opening checklist sighted for both ( 16-03-2021 and 21-04-2021), Outlet layout drawing for both (12/12/2020 and 19/12/2020) sighted.

### Operation 6 - Outlet Daily Operation Control

 Procedure / Work Flow / SOP established (Rev: 1/2/2020) to address clearly steps and its important criteria in controlling daily Outlet operation activities which include cleaning, collection, chemical refilling, gas refilling, machinery condition checking, 'At The Spot Customer Satisfaction / Feedback' and overall condition checking ( wall, ceiling, flooring and lighting condition ).

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- 2. Outlet Daily Operation Quality Guidelines established (Rev: 1/2/2020) for Outlet Operation Personnel to ensure the Outlet Condition meet minimum quality requirement. Any non conformance / not meeting expectation will be recorded in the Daily Visit Log Book and immediate Purchase Request (gas purchase, chemical purchase, break down report ) will be communicated to Principal or Suppliers. Follow up in place to ensure the Requisition being carried out and closed. Quarterly review meeting will be carried out with Principal and Suppliers of their performance and continual improvement.
- Sampling assessed 2 new outlets ( Dengkil and Taman Melawati ), Corporate Outlet Quarterly Checklist for both ( 2/6/2021) sighted.



### Operation 7 - Customer Complaint Handling

- Procedure / Work Flow / SOP established to address clearly steps in handling customer's
  complaint include payment, faulty machinery, cleaning, sabotage, overall Outlet Condition.
  Customer Services Team Officer is responsible to handle customer complaint and
  coordinating with other Departmental / Process Owners to immediate rectify the complaint,
  root cause (s) investigation and corrective action to prevent from recurrence. Customer
  Services Team Officer will follow up each case and will summarise for monthly management
  meeting. All customer complaint is target to be respond within 3 working days, rectification
  work to be completed within 1 working day.
- Sampling assessed 2 new outlets ( Dengkil and Taman Melawati ), total number of complaints compiled for month April to May 2021.

### Operation 8 - Outlet Collection Control

- Procedure / Work Flow / SOP established (Rev 0) to address clearly steps in outlet collection and processing. It includes collection, reporting, confirmation, recording, banking in and book keeping process. Finance Department is responsible to carry out such activities and guided by Malaysia Accounting Standard, account was audited yearly.
- 2. Sampling assessed 2 new outlets ( Dengkil and Taman Melawati ), evidences of 2 months ( 3/4/2021, 6/5/2021 ) sighted.

### **Other Administration Processes**

 Procedure / Work Flow / SOP for other Administration Process such as Training, established (Rev: 1/6/2018) to address clearly steps such as Recruitment, Training, Appraisal, Purchasing, Supplier Management, QMS Documentation and Record Control activities. The Works carried out by respective Department such as Administration Department and QMS Department.

### Conclusion

- The Outlet Operation Process being implemented effectively follow the planned Procedure / Work Flow / SOP.
- PLAN-DO-CHECK-ACT (PDCA) concept being applied when establishing the QMS to ensure the Outlet selection, setting up and operating followed a standard procedure benchmarking against International Quality Standard; ISO9001:2015.
- 3. Human Resources in managing the Outlet Operation are well organized through a proper organizational chart setup, recruitment and training process.
- 4. Operation Processes from Outlet selection to Daily Operation Control well managed through proper quality plan and criterial.
- Management Commitment and Support sighted with full participation in Process Risk Study, Management as well as frequent performance and customer's satisfaction monitoring.

Prepared by Mick Ng



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**End Report** 

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### 14. FURTHER STATUTORY AND OTHER GENERAL INFORMATION

In accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 1965, the following information is included in this Prospectus and forms part of this Prospectus.

### 14.1 Retirement, Removal and Replacement of the Trustee

The provisions of the Trust Deed governing the retirement, removal and replacement of the Trustee are set out below-

- (a) The Trustee may resign by giving 3 months' written notice or such shorter period in accordance with the provisions of this Deed, as the case may be.
- (b) The Management Company may remove the Trustee by giving 3 months' written notice to the Trustee and the Interest Unit Holders.
- (c) The notice shall be invalid if the removal is objected by at least 50% of Interest Unit Holders.
- (d) The Interest Unit Holders may remove the Trustee by giving 3 months' notice to the Trustee and the Management Company after the decision was made through a resolution of a meeting of Interest Unit Holders and agreed by not less than 10% of the Interest Unit Holders present in person or by proxy.
- (e) On the resignation or removal of the Trustee, the Management Company shall appoint a new trustee by way of a supplemental trust deed.
- (f) A resignation or removal of the Trustee shall not take effect unless a new trustee is appointed.
- (g) The Trustee shall, on the resignation or removal, within 14 days from the date of appointment of a new trustee, vest the trust accounts to the new trustees and deliver all books, documents, records and other property relating to the Scheme to the new trustee.
- (h) The costs and incidental expenses incurred shall be borne by the Management Company.
- (i) Upon the execution of the supplemental trust deed, the new trustee shall exercise all powers, duties and obligations in respect of the Scheme.

### 14.2 Appointment, Retirement and Replacement of Auditors

An Approved Company Auditor shall be appointed by the Trustee in relation to the funds in the Trust Account to be established under the Trust Deed. The Trustee may also from time to time remove or replace the Approved Company Auditor and appoint another or others in its place and the Approved Company Auditor may also resign by giving three (3) months' prior written notice to the Trustee.

### 14.3 Meeting of Interest Unit Holders

The provisions of the Trust Deed relating to meeting of Interest Unit Holders are set out generally below-

### Company No. 201501011755 (1137090-D)

A meeting of the Interest Unit Holders may be convened by the Trustee or the Management Company for the purpose of-

- 14.3.1 removal of the Trustee as provided in this Deed;
- 14.3.2 amendments to this Deed; and/or
- 14.3.3 voluntarily winding up and terminating the Scheme in favour of any alternative corporate proposals made by the Management Company that is reasonable and acceptable to the Interest Unit Holders including the exchange of Interest Units for a specified number and value of ordinary shares or preference shares of the Management Company, a related company as defined in section 7 of the Companies Act or, any company proposed by the Management Company including any proposed initial public offering of such ordinary shares or preference shares at any relevant regulated securities exchange within a specified time period.

### 14.3.4 Requisition of meeting by Interest Unit Holders

The Interest Unit Holders of the Scheme may require the directors of the Management Company to call for a meeting of Interest Unit Holders.

The directors of the Management Company shall call for the meeting of Interest Unit Holders if the Management Company received an application from not less that 50 in number or 10% of the Interest Unit Holders, whichever is lesser.

A meeting summoned shall be-

- (a) held at a time and place specified in the notice and advertisement, being a time not later than 2 months after the giving of the notice;
- (b) chaired by-
  - (i) a person who is appointed by the Interest Unit Holders to which this Deed relates who are present at the meeting; or
  - (ii) where no appointment is made under sub-clause (i) above, a nominee of the Trustee; and
- (c) conducted in accordance with this Deed or, if there is no such provision in this Deed, as directed by the chairman of the meeting.

### 14.3.5 Notice of meeting of Interest Unit Holders

A meeting of Interest Unit Holders shall be called by a notice of at least 21 days.

A notice of meeting of this Scheme shall be sent to-

- (a) every Interest Unit Holder;
- (b) Trustee; and

(c) Approved Company Auditor.

### 14.3.6 <u>Manner in which notice is given</u>

Notice of a meeting of Interest Unit Holders shall be in writing and shall be given to the Interest Unit Holders either-

- (a) in hard copy;
- (b) in electronic form;
- (c) partly in hard copy and partly in electronic form; or
- (d) by means of a website.

### A notice-

- (a) given in hard copy shall be sent to any Interest Unit Holder either personally or by post to the address supplied by the Interest Unit Holder to the Management Company for such purpose; or
- (b) given in electronic form shall be transmitted to the electronic address provided by the Interest Unit Holder to the Management Company for such purpose or by publishing on a website.

### 14.3.7 Notification of publication of notice of meeting on a website

Notice of a meeting of Interest Unit Holders shall not be validly given by the Management Company by means of a website unless a notification to that effect is given in accordance with this Clause 16.5.

The Management Company shall notify the Interest Unit Holders of the publication of the notice on the website and such notification shall be in writing and shall be given in hard copy or electronic form stating-

- (a) that it concerns a meeting of Interest Unit Holders; and
- (b) the place, date and time of the meeting.

The Management Company shall ensure that the notice is made available on the website throughout the period beginning from the date of notification until the conclusion of the meeting.

### 14.3.8 Meetings of Interest Unit Holders at 2 or more venues

The Management Company may convene a meeting of Interest Unit Holders at more than one venue using any technology or method that enables the Interest Unit Holders to participate and exercise their rights to speak and vote at the meeting.

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The main venue of the meeting shall be in Malaysia and the chairperson shall be present at the main venue of the meeting.

### 14.3.9 Quorum at meetings

The quorum for a meeting shall be a total number of 10 Interest Unit Holders registered in the Register of Interest Units on the date of the meeting present in person or by proxy.

For the purpose of constituting a quorum-

- (a) one or more representatives appointed by a corporation shall be counted as one Interest Unit Holder; or
- (b) one or more proxies appointed by a person shall be counted as one Interest Unit Holder.

No business shall be transacted at any meeting of Interest Unit Holders unless a quorum is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business.

If within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting, a quorum is not present, the meeting-

- (a) if convened upon the requisition of Interest Unit Holders, shall be dissolved; or
- (b) in any other case, shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place, or to such other day and at such other time and place as the directors may determine.

### 14.3.10 Chairperson of meetings of Interest Unit Holders

Save and except for requisitioned meetings, the Chief Executive Officer of the Management Company shall be the chairperson at every meeting of Interest Unit Holders.

If the Chief Executive Officer is not present within 15 minutes after the time appointed for the holding of the meeting or is unwilling to act, the Interest Unit Holders present shall elect one of the Interest Unit Holders present to be chairperson of the meeting.

### 14.3.11 <u>Declaration by chairperson on a show of hands</u>

At a meeting of Interest Unit Holders, a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands, a poll is demanded-

- (a) by the chairman;
- (b) by at least 3 Interest Unit Holders present in person or by proxy; or
- (c) by any Interest Unit Holder present in person or by proxy and representing not less than 10% of the total voting rights of all Interest Unit Holders having the right to

vote at the meeting.

On a vote on a resolution at a meeting on a show of hands, a declaration by the chairperson that the resolution has been passed unanimously or with a particular majority or is lost, and an entry to that effect in the minutes of the proceedings shall be conclusive evidence of that fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against the resolution.

An entry in respect of such a declaration in the minutes of the meeting recorded in accordance with section 343 of the Companies Act is conclusive evidence of that fact. This part shall not apply if a poll is demanded in respect of the resolution, and the demand is not subsequently withdrawn.

### 14.3.12 Right to demand a poll

In a meeting of Interest Unit Holders, a poll may be demanded by the categories of persons specified in paragraph 14.3.11.

### 14.3.13 Voting on a poll

On a poll taken at a meeting, an Interest Unit Holder entitled to more than one vote need not, if he votes, use all his votes or cast all the votes he uses in the same way.

If a poll is demanded, it shall be taken immediately or after such interval or adjournment as the chairman directs, and the result of the poll shall be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll is demanded.

### 14.3.14 Representation of corporations at meetings of Interest Unit Holders

If a corporation is an Interest Unit Holder, the corporation may by resolution of its board of directors authorise a person to act as its representative at any meeting of Interest Unit Holders.

The corporation shall be entitled to authorise only one person to be its representative at the meeting and the person shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the corporation as the corporation could exercise if it was an individual Interest Unit Holder.

A certificate of authorisation by the corporation shall be prima facie evidence of the appointment or the revocation of the appointment, as the case may be, of a representative.

### 14.3.15 Appointment of proxies

An Interest Unit Holder is entitled to appoint another person as his proxy to exercise all or any of his rights to attend, participate, speak and vote at a meeting of Interest Unit Holders.

The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notarially certified copy of that power of authority shall be deposited at the Business Office of the Management Company or such venue as shall be

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specified in the notice of meeting not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, or, in the case of a poll, not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll, and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.

### 14.3.16 Notice of meeting to contain statement of rights to appoint proxies

In every notice calling a meeting of Interest Unit Holders, there shall appear prominently, a statement informing the Interest Unit Holder of his rights.

### 14.3.17 Proxy as a chairperson of a meeting

A proxy may be elected to be the chairperson of a meeting of Interest Unit Holders.

### 14.3.18 <u>Termination of a person's authority to act as a proxy</u>

Unless the Management Company receives a notice of termination before the commencement of a meeting of Interest Unit Holders or an adjourned meeting, the termination of the authority of the person to act as proxy does not affect-

- (a) the constitution of the quorum of the meeting;
- (b) if applicable, the validity of anything he did as chairperson of a meeting;
- (c) the validity of a poll demanded by him at a meeting; or
- (d) the validity of the vote exercised by him at a meeting.

### 14.3.19 Approval or non-approval of resolutions tabled at meetings

All and any resolutions tabled before any meeting of Interest Unit Holders shall be approved by a simple majority of votes of Interest Unit Holders present in person or by proxy whether cast by a show of hands or by poll, as the case may be, save and except for the following matters where the resolution is required to be approved by at least 75% of the Interest Unit Holders-

- (a) a resolution initiated by the Interest Unit Holders to wind up the Scheme in a meeting called by Interest Unit Holders;
- (b) a resolution that exempts the Trustee from or indemnifying the Trustee against liability for breach of trust where the Trustee failed to show the degree of care and diligence required of a trustee.

A resolution shall not be approved if a majority of votes, whether by a show of hands or by poll, as the case may be, is not obtained in support of such resolution.

### 14.4 Expiry of Scheme

On the Scheme Expiry Date being the end of the Scheme Period the Trust Deed and Scheme shall terminate absolutely subject always to the Trust Deed which provides that the Trust Deed shall continue to subsist for so long as there shall be a valid Management Agreement in existence or for such other time as shall be agreed between the Trustee and the Management Company.

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### 14.5 Other Schemes

The Management Company is not managing or operating any other interest scheme.

### 14.6 Validity Period of Prospectus

This Prospectus shall be valid for 6 months from the said date whereby no Interest Units will be subscribed if this Prospectus is later than 6 months after the date of this Prospectus unless the Prospectus has been updated and a current Prospectus is lodged with and registered by the Registrar of Companies.

### 14.7 Consents

- (a) The consents of the Solicitors, Auditors and Trustee to the inclusion in this Prospectus of their names in the manner and form in which such names appear have been given before the issue of this Prospectus and have not subsequently been withdrawn.
- (b) The consent of the Auditors to the inclusion of this Prospectus of the Accountants' Report relating to the profit and loss accounts and balance sheets in the manner and form in which they are contained in this Prospectus has been given and has not subsequently been withdrawn.

### 14.8 **Documents for inspection**

Copies of the following documents may be inspected at the registered office of the Management Company during office hours for a period of 6 months from the date of this Prospectus-

- (a) Constitution of the Management Company;
- (b) Accountant's Report; and
- (b) The letters of consent.

-The rest of this page is intentionally left blank-

### 14.9. DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

This Prospectus has been seen and approved by the Directors of the Management Company and they jointly confirm after having made all reasonable inquires, that to the best of their knowledge and belief there are no other facts the omission of which would make any statement herein

misleading.

Ang Beng Teck

Director

Chua Wuan Yeen

Director

Date:

12 1 JUN 2021

Lodged by:

CT Choo & Co

Advocates & Solicitors

Unit B-5-6, Tower B, Plaza Pantai

Jalan Pantai Baharu

Bangsar 59200, Kuala Lumpur

Lodged in the Office of the Registrar of Companies, Kuala Lumpur.